

CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING, 30 JUNE 1976
COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION AND
DWELLINGS IN LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREAS

QUEENSLAND

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PREFACE

Final results from the 1976 Census of Population and Housing are now being released in a series of 5 bulletins covering single and cross-classified characteristics of population and dwellings.

This bulletin contains summary tables of single characteristics for Queensland. Identical tables for EACH LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA in Queensland (and areas treated as local government areas for statistical purposes) are now available from offices of the Bureau. The data for Local Government Areas (LGA's) may be obtained on:

- . Microfiche, at a cost of 45 cents per fiche (each fiche containing 269 frames, where a frame is equivalent to one page of data and there are 9 pages of data for each LGA).
- . Magnetic tape, at a cost of \$50.00 for File Set Four single reel containing all LGA's in Australia or part thereof (see Information Paper No. 8, Catalogue No. 2111.0).
- . Loose copies of tables for selected LGA's are available on request at a cost of \$1.00 per LGA.

Identical tables for each Collection District in Queensland are also available from offices of the Bureau on microfiche or magnetic tape.

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INQUIRIES

If you want to know more about these statistics, ring Mr Bruce Illingworth on Canberra 526006, or one of the offices listed in Appendix D.

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EXPLANATORY NOTES

Introduction

The bulletins in this series describe the summary tables of single characteristics that are available at Local Government Area (LGA) level. The bulletin contains, for illustrative purposes, tables for the whole State or Territory only. Tables for all the LGA's in each State or Territory can be provided in a separate folder. Users who do not require the complete set of tables may obtain loose copies for selected LGA's by contacting one of the offices listed in Appendix D.

Final results of the 1976 Census were processed on a sample basis and are therefore subject to sampling error (see Appendix B). Data for the Northern Territory is NOT subject to sampling error, because all schedules were processed.

Because of the nature of the processing system, there are minor differences between data contained in this series of bulletins and preliminary data published in the series *Population and Dwellings in Local Government Areas and Urban Centres (Preliminary)* (2401.0 – 2408.0), *Characteristics of the Population in Local Government Areas (Preliminary)* (2201.0 – 2208.0) and *Characteristics of the Population: States, Territories and Australia (Preliminary)* (2209.0). The total number of persons shown for each State or Territory corresponds with that published in *Census of Population and Housing, 30 June 1976* (2402.9), which shows the total enumerated population of each State and Territory. Where statistics have been rounded, any discrepancies between sums of the component items and totals are due to rounding.

Scope

The 1976 Census of Population and Housing aimed at enumerating every person who spent Census night, 30 June 1976, in Australia; including persons on vessels in or between Australian ports, on board long-distance trains, buses or aircraft; and every dwelling, whether occupied or unoccupied.

The Census was conducted on a *de facto* basis, i.e. persons were enumerated where they were on Census night, and this may not have been where they usually lived. *Visitors* to Australia were enumerated if they were in Australia on Census night, regardless of how long ago they had arrived or how long they planned to stay. *Australian residents* out of the country on Census night were excluded from the count.

Diplomatic personnel and their families are, by definition, out of scope of the Census, as are diplomatic residences, including all persons resident therein on Census night. In 1976 there were 3,316 diplomatic personnel and their families resident in Australia. The number of diplomatic personnel and their families resident in each State and Territory for 1976 were as follows: New South Wales 723, Victoria 399, Queensland 59, South Australia 19, Western Australia 62, Australian Capital Territory 2,054.

Coverage

As mentioned above, the Census aims at enumerating every person and dwelling excluding diplomatic personnel and their residences, in Australia on Census night, 30 June 1976.

While every effort is made to minimise under-enumeration, some inevitably remains for various reasons (e.g. inadvertent omission of very young children, treatment by the collector of an occupied dwelling as unoccupied). Refusal by householders to complete the Census Schedule is not a significant cause of under-enumeration as estimates by the Collector are used in such cases.

Overall, the adjustment to the Census figures "as recorded" is estimated to be 2.71 per cent for Australia as a whole, but varies not only from State to State but also between areas within States. For the estimated degree of under-enumeration in each State and Territory, see *Population of States and Territories Adjusted for Under-enumeration as Shown by Post-enumeration Survey* (2409.0). The data contained in this bulletin and its companion tables are not adjusted for under-enumeration.

Definitions

Dwellings — For Census purposes, dwellings are divided into two groups, occupied dwellings and unoccupied dwellings.

- (i) An occupied dwelling is defined as the premises occupied by a household on Census night (for definition of *Household* see below). A *private dwelling* is normally a house, room or flat but it can also be a tent, houseboat, or caravan if standing on its own block of land and not occupied by members of the same household resident in an adjacent dwelling. It is important to remember that the Census definition of a private dwelling means that the total number of dwellings may be more than the total number of known structures in any given area (see *Household* below). *Non-private dwellings* are motels, hostels, boarding houses, gaols, religious and charitable institutions, defence establishments and other communal dwellings. Usually, occupants of such dwellings will be using communal facilities such as hotel dining-rooms or mess halls. A caravan situated in a caravan park (whether permanently or temporarily) is treated as part of a non-private dwelling, as are self-contained units provided by commercial enterprises such as hotels, motels or guest-houses.
- (ii) An unoccupied dwelling is a structure built specifically for living purposes and capable of being lived in, but unoccupied at the time of the Census. Vacant houses, holiday houses, huts, cabins (other than seasonal worker's quarters)

and houseboats are therefore counted as unoccupied dwellings; but vacant tents, garages and caravans (if not normally occupied) are not. Only private dwellings are classified as unoccupied. Unoccupied dwellings include dwellings vacant because they have been newly completed, vacant for demolition or repair, holiday homes, dwellings to let, and dwellings where all members of the household were absent on Census night.

Household – For Census purposes, a household is a person or group of persons living together as a single domestic unit with common eating arrangements. A person living alone is also a household. It is possible, then, for more than one household to live in one house or structure. For example, a lodger who lives with a family and provides all his food for himself is not a member of the family's household but constitutes a separate household and therefore completes a separate Householder's Schedule. As an occupied dwelling is defined as the premises occupied by a household on Census night (see above), the number of households and number of occupied dwellings is identical and the number of occupied dwellings as defined for Census purposes in an area may be greater than the known number of structures.

Migratory – Persons enumerated on board vessels in and between Australian ports, or on board long-distance trains, buses or aircraft are classified as Migratory. Such persons are not included in the population of specific LGA's, but are shown as a balancing item in the population of a State or Territory. By definition, there is no Migratory population in the Australian Capital Territory.

Campers Out – Persons who spent Census night in the open in cars, caravans or trucks pulled up at the side of the road for that night only, or persons in other temporary camps or accommodation erected for that night only are classified as campers out. Such persons are included in the population of the LGA in which they were enumerated.

Geographical Areas

Information from the Census is available at various levels of geographical detail. Information at other levels may be made available on request. Some of the principal levels are described below:

Collection District (CD) –

The CD is the smallest geographical area used in the collection and dissemination of Census data. A CD is an area containing approximately 300 dwellings in urban areas and fewer in rural areas. CD's can be aggregated to form other geographic levels, such as LGA's and Statistical Divisions.

Local Government Area (LGA) –

This is the principal tabulation unit used in the publication of Census data. LGA's correspond in all but a few instances to legal Local Government Authority areas as defined at 31 January 1976. The exceptions are:—

- (i) Some very minor areas for which boundary changes, involving nil or very minor populations, were received too late for implementation.
- (ii) The City of Brisbane, the Northern Territory, and the Australian Capital Territory are divided into statistical areas, which are treated as LGA's for Census purposes. In the Northern Territory two of these, the City of Darwin and the Municipality of Alice Springs, are Local Government Areas in a legal sense.

Statistical Division –

Statistical Divisions are designed to be reasonably homogeneous regions characterised by identifiable social and economic links between the inhabitants and between the economic units within the region, under the unifying influence of one or more major towns or cities. A Capital City Division is predominantly urban in character and the boundaries are delineated to contain the anticipated urban development of the city (and associated urban centres) for a period of at least twenty years.

In 1976 Statistical Divisions, Statistical Subdivisions and Statistical Districts were designed to be compatible, wherever possible, with State Planning Regions.

Statistical Subdivision –

Statistical Subdivisions are delineated in most States on the same basis as Statistical Divisions but as portions of the latter.

Statistical District –

Statistical Districts have been delineated in respect of urban centres with a population of 25,000 or more, using concepts and criteria similar to those for Capital City Statistical Divisions. These fixed boundaries delimit areas which, for general statistical purposes, are free from the problems imposed by the moving boundaries of urban centres. In selected cases, especially in Victoria and South Australia, Statistical Districts were delineated around urban centres with less than 25,000 population, where there was a demand for intercensal population estimates for the area and where existing LGA boundaries were obviously inadequate for this purpose.

THE FOUR AND A HALF PAGES OF STATISTICS FOLLOWING PROVIDE AN EXAMPLE OF THE SUMMARY TABLES OF SINGLE CHARACTERISTICS AVAILABLE FOR EACH LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA IN AUSTRALIA. THESE STATISTICS ARE AVAILABLE FROM OFFICES OF THE BUREAU LISTED IN APPENDIX D.

1. GEOGRAPHIC INDICATIVE

OUFFENSLAND

2. SUMMARY OF POPULATION AND DWELLINGS

POPULATION	MALES	FEMALES	PERSONS	PROP %
NUMBER	1024611	1012586	2037197	100.0
USUAL RESIDENTS(SAME DWG)	944896	941329	1886225	92.6
OVERSEAS BORN	141026	125053	266080	13.1
VISITORS TO AUSTRALIA	3783	2943	6727	0.3
HANDICAPPED	55801	47139	102940	5.1
RECEIVING PENSIONS, ETC	146715	197279	343994	16.9
RET FUND CONTRIBUTORS	200592	48146	248738	12.2
NO. WITH LIFE INSURED	492833	244574	737407	36.2
NO. HAD TAKEN A HOLIDAY	501221	517444	1018665	50.0
AUST. CMLTH CITIZENS, 18YR+	657891	665354	1323245	65.0
RACIAL ORIGIN				
EUROPEAN	911617	901072	1812689	89.0
ABORTG./T/ST ISLANDER	20618	20727	41345	2.0
OTHER	10511	10107	20618	1.0
NOT STATED	81865	80680	162545	8.0
TOTAL POPULATION	1024611	1012586	2037197	100.0

LICENSED TO DRIVE/RIDE				
CAR AND MOTOR CYCLE	167164	21897	189061	9.3
CAR ONLY	412411	372456	784866	38.5
MOTOR CYCLE ONLY	6075	3616	9691	0.5

LABOUR FORCE				
EMPLOYED	548247	289314	837561	41.1
UNEMPLOYED	23978	16354	40333	2.0
NOT IN LABOUR FORCE	452386	706914	1159300	56.9
TOTAL POPULATION	1024611	1012586	2037197	100.0

PERSONS IN				
PRIVATE DWELLINGS	949189	955353	1904542	93.5
NON-PRIVATE DWELLINGS	72934	56389	129323	6.3
DWGS ON RURAL HOLDINGS	94993	82864	177857	8.7
ABORTG./TSI DWELLINGS	23221	22921	46142	2.3

CAMPERS OUT, MIGRATORY	2400	844	3332	0.2
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DWELLINGS	NUMBER	PROP %
PRIVATE, OCCUPIED DWGS	598140	89.9
PRIVATE, UNOCCUPIED DWGS	62686	9.4
NON-PRIVATE DWELLINGS	4286	0.6
TOTAL DWELLINGS	665112	100.0

PTE DWGS. BUILT AFTER 6/71	114430	17.2
DWGS ON RURAL HOLDINGS	48598	7.3
ABORTG./TSI DWELLINGS	8600	1.3

6. AGE LAST BIRTHDAY

COMPLETED YEARS	MALES	FEMALES	PERSONS	PROP %
0	17467	16797	34263	1.7
1	18067	17224	35291	1.7
2	19171	18245	37416	1.8
3	19925	19205	39130	1.9
4	20826	20296	41122	2.0
5-9	99171	93780	192950	9.5
10-14	98416	93377	191793	9.4
15	20142	18902	39044	1.9
16	19651	18560	38212	1.9
17	18546	18153	36698	1.8
18	18054	17364	35418	1.7
19	17564	16754	34319	1.7
20-24	84342	81170	165512	8.1
25-29	83598	80667	164266	8.1
30-34	70191	67518	137709	6.8
35-39	59982	57480	117382	5.8
40-44	53314	50497	103810	5.1
45-49	55775	52706	108480	5.3
50-54	54857	52895	107752	5.3
55-59	46881	46261	93142	4.7
60-64	43093	46183	89197	4.4
65-69	35309	37133	72442	3.6
70-74	25871	27751	53622	2.6
75+	26401	41830	68231	3.3
TOTAL POPULATION	1024611	1012586	2037203	100.0

7. USE OF ENGLISH LANGUAGE

	MALES	FEMALES	PERSONS	PROP %
ENGLISH ONLY	822099	822443	1644542	88.9
ENGLISH, 1 OTHER LANGUAGE	47636	43871	91508	4.9
ENGLISH, 2+ OTHER LANGUAGES	6175	4565	10739	0.6
NO ENGLISH	3238	3952	7190	0.4
NOT STATED	50008	45987	95995	5.2
TOTAL POPULATION 5 YRS+	929156	920819	1849974	100.0

8. BIRTHPLACE OF PARENTS OF THE AUSTRALIAN BORN POPULATION

BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES
AUSTRALIA	677207	676468	28083	23409	5081	5080	1080	1057	3818	3912	5314	2749	720583	718675
UK AND EIRE	46991	50885	29490	33131	1128	1329	292	249	910	1631	364	226	79115	86850
OTHER EUROPE	16030	15855	2065	2214	18726	18449	337	375	409	384	183	103	37721	37379
ASIA	2113	2163	297	257	244	232	1325	1295	55	68	12	9	4047	4035
OTHER COUNTRIES	5965	6048	746	758	236	213	73	61	1028	1006	24	25	8072	8111
NOT STATED	3414	5724	309	433	159	185	25	22	43	35	30236	26146	34849	32488
TOTAL AUSTRALIAN BORN	751690	757142	60991	66112	25575	25488	3135	3061	6262	6435	35932	29297	883587	887535

3. MARITAL STATUS

	MALES	FEMALES	PERSONS	PROP %
NEVER MARRIED, UNDR 15 YRS	293042	278924	571966	28.1
NEVER MARRIED, 15 YRS+	215371	151646	367018	18.0
NOW MARRIED	464027	462373	926400	45.5
PERMANENTLY SEPARATED	17597	20904	38501	1.9
DIVORCED	13742	16281	30023	1.5
WIDOWED	20833	82458	103291	5.1
TOTAL POPULATION	1024612	1012587	2037199	100.0

4. USUAL MAJOR ACTIVITY

	MALES	FEMALES	PERSONS	PROP %
CHILD NOT AT SCHOOL	100842	96561	197403	9.7
CHILD AT SCHOOL	192200	182364	374563	18.4
USUALLY WORKING	549977	269878	819855	40.2
NOT USUALLY WORKING-				
FULL TIME STUDENT	34520	33130	67651	3.3
OTHER, NEI	112195	385185	497379	24.4
NOT STATED	74879	45470	80349	3.9
TOTAL POPULATION	1024612	1012587	2037200	100.0

5. USUAL RESIDENCE - 1976

	MALES	FEMALES	PERSONS	PROP %
SAME DWELLING	944896	941329	1886225	92.6
OTHER DWG-SAME LGA	6875	6762	13637	0.7
OTHER LGA-SAME STATE	28888	26260	55148	2.7
OTHER STATE	19918	20233	40151	2.0
OVERSEAS	3274	2797	6072	0.3
NOT STATED	20761	15204	35965	1.8
TOTAL POPULATION	1024612	1012586	2037198	100.0

- 1975

SAME DWELLING	746443	747761	1494205	79.2
OTHER DWG-SAME LGA	49907	49436	99343	5.3
OTHER LGA-SAME STATE	89347	87638	176986	9.4
OTHER STATE	25255	23447	48702	2.6
OVERSEAS	8779	9041	17819	0.9
NOT APPLICABLE	8714	8294	17012	0.9
NOT APPLICABLE (UNDR 1YR)	16446	15715	32160	1.7
TOTAL POP - AT HOME, 1976	944896	941331	1886227	100.0

- 1971

SAME DWELLING	448577	451339	899916	47.7
OTHER DWG-SAME LGA	92579	92955	185534	9.8
OTHER LGA-SAME STATE	205410	208442	413852	21.9
OTHER STATE	74460	70176	144636	7.7
OVERSEAS	32483	30916	63400	3.4
NOT STATED	421	457	878	0.0
NOT APPLICABLE (UNDR 5YRS)	50566	37645	17811	9.4
TOTAL POP - AT HOME, 1976	944896	941331	1886227	100.0

A. BIRTHPLACE OF PARENTS OF THE AUSTRALIAN BORN POPULATION

BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES
AUSTRALIA	677207	676468	28083	23409	5081	5080	1080	1057	3818	3912	5314	2749	720583	718675
UK AND EIRE	46991	50885	29490	33131	1128	1329	292	249	910	1631	364	226	79115	86850
OTHER EUROPE	16030	15855	2065	2214	18726	18449	337	375	409	384	183	103	37721	37379
ASIA	2113	2163	297	257	244	232	1325	1295	55	68	12	9	4047	4035
OTHER COUNTRIES	5965	6048	746	758	236	213	73	61	1028	1006	24	25	8072	8111
NOT STATED	3414	5724	309	433	159	185	25	22	43	35	30236	26146	34849	32488
TOTAL AUSTRALIAN BORN	751690	757142	60991	66112	25575	25488	3135	3061	6262	6435	35932	29297	883587	887535

QUEENSLAND

9. BIRTHPLACE OF PARENTS OF THE OVERSEAS BORN POPULATION

BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER	AUSTRALIA		UK AND EIRE		OTHER EUROPE		ASIA		OTHER COUNTRIES		NOT STATED		TOTAL	
	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES
AUSTRALIA	3348	3243	850	1124	115	132	166	149	916	863	19	20	5415	5531
UK AND EIRF	1500	1161	65794	61950	674	674	520	532	1460	1265	512	216	70459	65808
OTHER EUROPE	423	242	626	646	40525	31310	392	374	436	416	699	204	43161	33191
ASIA	135	112	328	293	177	163	5065	4887	186	197	45	20	5936	5673
OTHER COUNTRIES	1083	1074	956	897	333	234	114	138	10729	9485	115	41	13330	11869
NOT STATED	26	32	167	417	121	462	21	51	71	98	2379	1924	2784	2906
TOTAL OVERSEAS BORN	6516	5864	68721	65337	41945	32975	6278	6131	13798	12323	3770	2424	141027	125054

10. BIRTHPLACE, CITIZENSHIP AND PERIOD OF RESIDENCE

BIRTHPLACE	TOTAL		AUSTRALIA		OTHER COUNTRIES		NOT STATED		PERIOD OF RESIDENCE		NOT STATED	
	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES	UNDER 5 YEARS	5 YRS AND OVER	MALES	FEMALES
AUSTRALIA												
NEW SOUTH WALES	85677	87172	85677	87172								
VICTORIA	41963	40855	41963	40855								
QUEENSLAND	656473	662030	656473	662030								
SOUTH AUSTRALIA	8332	7745	8332	7745								
WESTERN AUSTRALIA	5316	4754	5316	4754								
TASMANIA	5572	5624	5572	5624								
NORTHERN TERRITORY	1666	1655	1666	1655								
AUST CAP TERRITORY	962	965	962	965								
AUSTRALIA, UNDEFINED	77225	76735	77225	76735								
TOTAL AUSTRALIAN BORN	883586	887534	883586	887534								

OVERSEAS

NEW ZEALAND	9337	8417	2234	2263	6769	5834	334	319	3530	3058	3300	2825	2506	2534
UK AND EIRE	69594	65842	22332	21942	45501	41625	1761	2275	8933	8508	37139	33867	23522	23467
CANADA	1283	1331	333	301	939	1012	11	17	541	579	442	433	299	315
USA	2818	2155	528	309	2265	1831	25	14	1224	1093	1050	727	544	335
AUSTRIA	886	662	553	465	318	194	15	3	78	60	461	316	346	281
GERMANY	5626	5271	3835	3786	1697	1406	94	79	464	422	3102	2610	2060	2235
NETHERLANDS	5979	4704	4389	3368	1543	1300	47	36	314	262	3554	2749	2111	1693
CZECHOSLOVAKIA	794	407	667	336	102	62	25	9	26	40	438	211	331	156
HUNGARY	1054	575	905	496	128	70	21	9	50	32	568	312	436	241
POLAND	2128	1414	1870	1223	214	171	44	21	52	67	1064	698	1612	645
USSR	739	965	685	877	37	61	17	27	9	8	393	481	337	476
YUGOSLAVIA	3263	2124	2127	1221	1032	848	109	54	275	290	1664	979	1324	855
GREECE	2206	1735	1829	1189	323	298	55	47	102	89	1172	783	1032	862
ITALY	10765	8110	8877	5573	1757	1414	131	122	245	278	5592	4076	4929	3752
MALTA	1262	912	704	525	513	366	45	41	38	37	706	443	518	432
CYPRUS	542	490	267	232	266	247	9	11	79	81	232	205	230	203
TURKEY, LEBANON	397	293	272	188	120	102	5	3	54	45	182	128	161	120
EGYPT	348	353	269	253	73	84	6	16	22	34	186	160	140	155
OTHER EUROPE	7749	5560	4345	3022	3055	2392	389	145	1081	888	3990	2891	2717	1781
OTHER ASIA	7137	6960	4543	4536	2466	2291	128	133	1785	1818	2954	2751	2398	2391
OTHER AMERICA	952	937	292	291	632	618	28	28	277	359	288	302	286	271
OTHER AFRICA	1950	1748	955	797	955	903	50	47	448	456	882	756	630	531
OTHER OCEANIA	4139	4074	3307	3278	600	567	232	229	1609	1657	805	693	1725	1721
AT SEA	31	19	24	12	3	5	2	2	3	2	7	4	21	11
TOTAL OVERSEAS BORN	141630	125055	66138	57664	71388	63703	3585	3688	21340	20165	70074	59391	49617	45491

TOTAL POPULATION 1024616 1012589 949724 945197

11. PERIOD OF RESIDENCE IN AUSTRALIA OF PERSONS BORN OVERSEAS

PERIOD	MALES	FEMALES	PERSONS	PROP %
UNDER 1 YEAR	2761	2994	5755	2.2
1 AND UNDER 2 YEARS	3519	3733	7252	2.8
2 AND UNDER 3 YEARS	3969	3669	7638	2.9
3 AND UNDER 4 YEARS	4017	3721	7738	3.0
4 AND UNDER 5 YEARS	3753	3406	7159	2.8
5 AND UNDER 10 YEARS	17305	15432	32737	12.6
10 AND UNDER 15 YEARS	11585	10380	21966	8.5
15 AND UNDER 25	19001	15892	34893	13.5
25 YEARS AND OVER	21989	17588	39577	15.3
NOT STATED	49344	45296	94640	36.5
TOTAL RESIDENTS	137244	122111	259355	100.0

VISITORS	3783	2943	6727	2.5
TOTAL OVERSEAS BORN	141029	125054	266082	100.0

12. RELIGIOUS DENOMINATION

	MALES	FEMALES	PERSONS	PROP %
BAPTIST	14219	15700	29919	1.5
CATHOLIC,ROMAN CATHOLIC	244120	250225	494345	24.3
CHURCH OF ENGLAND	276895	283979	560874	27.5
LUTHERAN	23357	22857	46214	2.3
METHODIST	86164	93181	179345	8.8
PRESBYTERIAN	46783	92292	139076	6.8
OTHER CHRISTIAN	65859	78130	135989	6.7
TOTAL CHRISTIAN	797398	828364	1625762	79.8
HEBREW	807	723	1530	0.1
MUSLIM	998	720	1717	0.1
OTHER NON-CHRISTIAN	1623	1272	2895	0.1
TOTAL NON-CHRISTIAN	3428	2715	6143	0.3
NOT CLASSIFIABLE	4071	3167	7239	0.4
NO RELIGIOUS DENOM	90907	63641	154548	7.6
NOT STATED	128869	114700	243569	12.0
TOTAL POPULATION	1024612	1012588	2037200	100.0

13. EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION

CURRENTLY ATTENDING	MALES	FEMALES	PERSONS	PROP %
SCHOOL				
PRIMARY	94710	92488	187199	58.7
SECONDARY	46023	48106	94129	29.5
PRIMARY AND SECONDARY	22161	11992	34153	16.7
OTHER	1952	1293	3245	1.0
TOTAL GOVT SCHOOLS	127206	115522	242728	77.1
TOTAL NON-GOVT SCHOOLS	37650	35358	73008	22.9
TOTAL ALL SCHOOLS	164856	150880	315736	100.0

OTHER INSTITUTIONS

UNIVERSITY AND COLLEGE	20059	13933	34002	50.1
OTHER	14348	8403	22751	39.9
TOTAL	34217	22337	56554	100.0
NOT ATTENDING	458963	671039	1130002	55.3
NOT STATED	166575	165331	331906	16.3
TOTAL POPULATION	1024612	1012588	2037200	100.0

14. AGE LEFT SCHOOL

AGE	MALES	FEMALES	PERSONS	PROP. %
12 YEARS OLD OR YOUNGER	20788	16857	37645	1.8
13 YEARS OF AGE	38860	35436	74297	3.6
14 YEARS OF AGE	170210	176267	346477	17.0
15 YEARS OF AGE	179760	192662	372422	17.8
16 YEARS OF AGE	109622	116529	226151	11.1
17 YEARS OF AGE	65725	62819	128544	6.3
18 YEARS OF AGE	32727	21738	54466	2.7
19 YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER	12985	6711	19695	1.0
NEVER ATTENDED SCHOOL	5210	4739	9949	0.5
STILL ATTENDING SCHOOL	215856	202761	418618	20.5
NOT ATTENDING SCHOOL	106159	101498	207657	10.2
AGE 0-4 YEARS	95456	91767	187223	9.2
AGE 5-14 YEARS	10703	9730	20433	1.0
NOT STATED	75711	74569	150280	7.4
TOTAL POPULATION	1024612	1012588	2037200	100.0

15. QUALIFICATIONS - HIGHEST LEVEL OBTAINED

	MALES	FEMALES	PERSONS	PROP %
LEVEL				
DOCTORAL, MASTERS DEGREE	2774	560	3334	0.2
GRADUATE DIPLOMA	2204	1877	4081	0.3
BACHELOR DEGREE	16566	7151	23717	1.6
DIPLOMA	19725	24108	43833	3.0
TECHNICIANS CERTIFICATE	23703	30637	54340	3.7
TRADE CERTIFICATE	130128	14712	144840	9.9
LEVEL NOT APPLICABLE	4650	10260	14910	1.0
NO QUALIFICATIONS	431876	544774	976650	66.7
NOT STATED	99946	99583	199529	13.6
TOTAL POPULATION 15 YPS+	731571	733662	1465233	100.0

16. INCOME - ANNUAL PERSONAL

	MALES	FEMALES	PERSONS	PROP %
AMOUNT				
NONE	48815	171684	220499	15.0
LESS THAN \$1500	17201	83651	100853	6.9
\$ 1500 - \$ 2000	44724	70056	114780	7.8
OVER \$ 2000 - \$ 3000	51666	95351	146958	10.0
OVER \$ 3000 - \$ 4000	35181	49316	84496	5.8
OVER \$ 4000 - \$ 5000	37219	41696	78915	5.4
OVER \$ 5000 - \$ 6000	65992	43416	109409	7.5
OVER \$ 6000 - \$ 7000	92497	40491	132988	9.1
OVER \$ 7000 - \$ 8000	81510	22731	104241	7.1
OVER \$ 8000 - \$ 9000	61879	12478	74356	5.1
OVER \$ 9000 - \$ 10000	87519	16708	104227	7.1
OVER \$ 10000 - \$ 15000	31636	4335	35971	2.5
OVER \$ 15000 - \$ 20000	14267	1576	15843	1.1
OVER \$ 20000	15254	2466	17720	1.3
NOT STATED	45271	77709	122980	8.4
TOTAL POPULATION 15 YRS+	731572	733665	1465237	100.0

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17. DURATION OF PRESENT MARRIAGE FEMALES

UNDER 1 YEAR	14509
1 AND UNDER 2 YEARS	12037
2 AND UNDER 3 YEARS	15151
3 AND UNDER 4 YEARS	15770
4 AND UNDER 5 YEARS	15431
5 AND UNDER 10 YEARS	71841
10 AND UNDER 25 YEARS	150302
25 YEARS OR MORE	145580
NOT STATED	21753
TOTAL NOW MARRIED WOMEN	462374

18. TOTAL ISSUE FEMALES

NO. OF EVER MARRIED WOMEN WITH	
NO CHILDREN	65858
1 CHILD	78584
2 CHILDREN	148058
3 CHILDREN	110470
4 CHILDREN	66410
5 CHILDREN	33908
6 CHILDREN	17994
7 CHILDREN	9528
8 OR MORE CHILDREN	12375
NUMBER NOT STATED	38833
TOTAL EVER MARRIED WOMEN	562017

19. CHILDREARING FACILITIES USED, TYPE AND NUMBER

FACILITIES USED	MALES	FEMALES	PERSONS	PROP %
CHILD CARE CENTRE	12717	11384	24600	10.8
AT HOME, NOT BY PARENTS	2610	2591	5271	2.3
AT ANOTHER'S HOME	5149	5016	10165	4.5
ELSEWHERE	1747	1693	3441	1.5
USING 1 FACILITY ONLY	20475	19454	39929	17.5
USING 2 FACILITIES	808	776	1584	0.7
USING 3+ FACILITIES	64	58	121	0.1
TOTAL CHILDREN MINDED	21347	20288	41635	18.3
NOT MINDED	89817	86005	175822	77.1
NOT STATED	5177	5282	10459	4.6
TOTAL CHILDREN 0-5 YRS	116341	111574	227915	100.0

20. PENSIONS OR SOCIAL SECURITY BENEFITS RECEIVED

AGE	MALES	FEMALES	PERSONS	PROP %
WIDOWS PENSION (EXCL. WAR)	61037	115290	176327	12.8
WAR, REPAT SERVICE PENSION	119	26699	26818	1.8
SUPERANNUATION ANNUITY	42495	34247	76742	5.2
UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT	21850	8464	30314	2.1
OTHER PENSION, BENEFIT	14631	8478	23108	1.6
TOTAL RECEIVING PENSION	23925	20027	43952	3.0
NOT RECEIVING PENSION	146715	197279	343994	23.5
NOT STATED	551265	507857	1059122	72.3
TOTAL POPULATION 15 YRS+	33590	28526	62116	4.2
TOTAL POPULATION 15 YRS+	731570	733662	1465232	100.0

25. OCCUPATION - EMPLOYED POPULATION

	MALES	FEMALES	PERSONS	PROP %
0. PROFESSIONAL, TECHNICAL				
TEACHERS	12103	18478	30581	3.7
MED. DENT, NRSSES, MED TECH	5347	15540	20888	2.5
OTHER	28110	6733	34843	4.2
TOTAL MAJOR GROUP 0	45559	40751	86310	10.3
1. ADMIN, EXEC, ETC., TOTAL	44528	8721	53249	6.4
2. CLERICAL WORKERS, TOTAL	42510	86715	129225	15.4
3. SALES WORKERS, TOTAL	33234	34990	68224	8.1
4. FARMERS, FISHERMEN, ETC.				
FRMR, FRM MGR, WOOL CLSR	56910	24394	81304	9.7
HUNTERS, TIMBER WORKERS	2237	25	2262	0.3
FISHERMAN	1152	94	1246	0.1
TOTAL MAJOR GROUP 4	60299	24513	84811	10.1
5. MINERS, QUARRYMEN, TOTAL	6558	92	6650	0.8
6. TRANSPORT, COMMUNICATION				
SHIPPING, AIR TRANSPORT	2296	17	2313	0.3
RAIL TRANSPORT	8752	170	8921	1.1
ROAD TRANSPORT	25647	1288	26935	3.2
OTHER TPT, COMMUNICATION	5155	4273	9429	1.1
TOTAL MAJOR GROUP 6	41850	5748	47598	5.7
7/8. PROD. PROC. WORKERS, LABOURERS				
TEXTILES, LEATHER	2793	4783	7575	0.9
METAL, ELECTRICAL	78149	1722	79871	9.5
WOOD TECH, BUILDING	44028	616	44644	5.3
OTHER PROD. PROC. WORKERS	24020	8034	32054	3.8
LABOURERS	34130	951	35080	4.2
OTHER	28554	1476	30030	3.6
TOTAL MAJOR GROUP 7/8	211672	17581	229253	27.4
9. SERVICE, SPORT, RECREATION				
FIRE, POLICE, ETC.	7371	460	7830	0.9
DOMESTIC SVCE WORKERS	3190	17471	20661	2.5
OTHER	13195	25162	38356	4.6
TOTAL MAJOR GROUP 9	23755	43092	66847	8.0
10. ARMED FORCES, TOTAL	12000	469	12469	1.5
11. OTHER, NEI, N/S, TOTAL	26282	26643	52926	6.3
TOTAL EMPLOYED POPULATION	548247	289315	837562	100.0

26. INDUSTRY - EMPLOYED POPULATION

	MALES	FEMALES	PERSONS	PROP %
A. AGRICULTURE, ETC.				
AGRICULTURE, AG SERVICES	52978	25410	78388	9.4
FORESTRY, TIMBER	1351	101	1451	0.2
FISHING, HUNTING	1277	206	1483	0.2
UNDEFINED	4	1	5	0.0
TOTAL DIVISION A	55640	25718	81358	9.7

21. OCCUPATIONAL STATUS OF THE POPULATION	MALES	FEMALES	PERSONS	PROP %
IN THE LABOUR FORCE				
EMPLOYED				
EMPLOYER, SELF-EMPLOYED	94343	44038	138381	6.8
WAGE, SALARY EARNER	458785	232391	691176	33.5
HFLPER UNPAID	3119	12885	16004	0.8
TOTAL EMPLOYED	548247	289314	837561	41.1
UNEMPLOYED	23978	16354	40333	2.0
TOTAL IN THE LABOUR FORCE	572225	305668	877894	43.1
NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE				
(15 YRS OF AGE OR MORE)	159345	427990	587335	28.8
UNDER 15 YEARS OF AGE	293042	278924	571966	28.1
TOTAL POPULATION	1024612	1012583	2037194	100.0

22. AGE OF THE LABOUR FORCE

AGE GROUP	MALES	FEMALES	PERSONS	PROP %
15-19	59288	50891	110177	12.6
20-24	77263	50201	127464	14.5
25-29	79694	37141	116835	13.3
30-34	67367	32253	99600	11.3
35-39	57503	30982	88486	10.1
40-44	50556	28026	78581	9.0
45-49	52168	26819	78987	9.0
50-54	49264	21761	71025	8.1
55-59	39134	14892	54027	6.2
60-64	27824	7462	35286	4.0
65-69	7595	3180	10775	1.2
70+	4592	2062	6654	0.8
TOTAL IN THE LABOUR FORCE	572227	305669	877896	100.0

23. MARITAL STATUS OF THE LABOUR FORCE

	MALES	FEMALES	PERSONS	PROP %
NEVER MARRIED	157374	92969	250343	28.5
NOW MARRIED	384083	185188	569271	64.8
PERMANENTLY SEPARATED	13593	9370	22963	2.6
DIVORCED	10587	8252	18839	2.1
WIDOWED	6589	9890	16479	1.9
TOTAL IN THE LABOUR FORCE	572226	305669	877895	100.0

24. INDUSTRY SECTOR - EMPLOYED POPULATION

	MALES	FEMALES	PERSONS	PROP %
AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT	41165	13361	54527	6.5
STATE GOVERNMENT	82131	51496	133627	16.0
LOCAL GOVERNMENT	20854	2275	23129	2.8
NON GOVERNMENT	434093	222178	656271	74.8
TOTAL EMPLOYED POPULATION	548244	289310	837554	100.0

26. INDUSTRY (CONTD)

	MALES	FEMALES	PERSONS	PROP %
B. MINING				
METAL	7337	609	7947	0.9
COAL	5274	190	5464	0.7
OIL, NATURAL GAS	50	4	54	0.0
OTHER AND UNDEFINED	2144	334	2478	0.3
TOTAL DIVISION B	14085	1138	15943	1.9
C. MANUFACTURING				
FOOD, DRINK, TOBACCO	28553	7700	36253	4.3
TEXTILES, CLOTHING	1693	4200	5893	0.7
WOOD, FURNITURE	10406	1695	12101	1.4
METAL PRODS, MACHINERY	32713	4810	37522	4.5
OTHER AND UNDEFINED	19467	5024	24491	2.9
TOTAL DIVISION C	92831	23427	116259	13.9
D. ELECTRICITY, GAS, WATER				
ELECTRICITY, GAS	8534	1001	9535	1.1
WATER, SEWERAGE, DRAINAGE	1341	40	1381	0.2
UNDEFINED	2	0	2	0.0
TOTAL DIVISION D	9877	1041	10917	1.3
E. CONSTRUCTION TOTAL	73500	6914	80414	9.6
F. WHOLESALE, RETAIL TRADE				
WHOLESALE AND UNDEFINED	37956	13266	51222	6.1
RETAIL	56840	48440	105280	12.6
TOTAL DIVISION F	94796	61786	156582	18.7
G. TRANSPORT AND STORAGE				
ROAD TRANSPORT	14199	2804	17003	2.0
RAIL TRANSPORT	14058	842	14900	1.8
WATER TRANSPORT	3724	312	4036	0.5
AIR TRANSPORT	3571	930	4501	0.5
STORAGE, OTHER TPT, UNDEF	3000	985	3985	0.5
TOTAL DIVISION G	38551	5875	44426	5.3
H. COMMUNICATIONS, TOTAL	18771	3779	14550	1.7
I. FINANCE, ETC., TOTAL	32615	25523	58137	6.9
J. PUB ADMIN, DEFENCE, TOTAL	34264	10542	44807	5.3
K. COMMUNITY SERVICES				
HEALTH	10976	31611	42587	5.1
EDUCATION	17540	28971	46511	5.6
OTHER AND UNDEFINED	12926	6758	19684	2.4
L. ENT, RECR, HOTEL, RESTAURANTS				
ENTERTAINMENT, RECREATION	4936	5558	10494	1.3
RESTAURANTS, HOTELS, CLUBS	9365	15125	24490	2.9
OTHER AND UNDEFINED	2422	5243	7663	0.9
TOTAL DIVISION L	16721	25926	42647	5.1
M. OTHER, NEI, N/S, TOTAL	72476	70397	62833	7.5
TOTAL EMPLOYED POPULATION	548250	289315	837565	100.0

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27. HOURS USUALLY WORKED PER WEEK - EMPLOYED POPULATION				
HOURS	MALES	FEMALES	PERSONS	PROP %
LESS THAN 15 HOURS	7470	24516	31986	3.8
15-19 HOURS	1598	10930	12528	1.5
20-29 HOURS	4973	22071	27044	3.2
30-34 HOURS	6662	15405	22267	2.7
35 HOURS	9827	8913	18740	2.2
36-39 HOURS	36340	20481	57221	6.8
40 HOURS	281253	110194	391447	46.7
41-48 HOURS	49244	9624	58869	7.0
49 HOURS OR MORE	110248	28916	139064	16.6
NOT STATED	40632	37765	78397	9.4
TOTAL EMPLOYED POPULATION	548247	289316	837563	100.0

28. NUMBER OF JOBS USUALLY WORKING IN - EMPLOYED POPULATION				
NUMBER OF JOBS	MALES	FEMALES	PERSONS	PROP %
ONE JOB	535405	283213	818618	97.7
TWO OR MORE JOBS	12842	6101	18943	2.3
TOTAL EMPLOYED POPULATION	548247	289316	837563	100.0

29. MODE OF TRAVEL TO WORK - EMPLOYED POPULATION				
MODE OF TRAVEL	MALES	FEMALES	PERSONS	PROP %
TRAIN	20321	14518	34839	4.2
BUS	20555	25773	46329	5.5
FERRY OR TRAM	1861	792	2652	0.3
TAXI	2837	2646	5484	0.7
CAR - AS DRIVER	318464	100328	418793	50.0
CAR - AS PASSENGER	49535	49571	99106	11.8
MOTOR BIKE, MOTOR SCOOTER	21655	1294	22949	2.7
BICYCLE	9224	1760	10985	1.3
WALKED ONLY	40885	26072	66957	8.0
WORKED AT HOME	79599	38390	117989	14.1
NOT STATED	33175	34479	68054	8.1

30. FAMILY TYPE BY SEX OF HEAD OF FAMILY				
FAMILY TYPE	MALE HEAD	FEMALE HEAD	TOTAL FAMILIES	PROP %
HEAD ONLY	54844	63623	118467	19.2
HEAD, CHILDREN ONLY	3714	21922	25636	4.2
HEAD, SPOUSE ONLY	136338	3832	140170	22.8
HEAD, SPOUSE, CHILDREN	177632	2472	180104	29.2
HEAD, OTHER ADULTS ONLY	9846	25113	29964	4.9
HEAD, OTHER ADULTS, CHILDREN	2064	8018	10082	1.6
HEAD, SPOUSE, OTHER ADULTS	55120	940	56060	8.3
HEAD, SPOUSE, OTHER ADULTS, CHILDREN	59514	766	60280	9.8
COMMUNE	110	32	142	0.0
TOTAL FAMS IN PTE DWGS	494186	121628	615814	100.0

34. TYPE OF OCCUPIED PTE DWELLINGS AND NO OF PERSONS				
TYPE OF DWELLING	NO DWGS	PROP %	PERSONS	PROP %
SELF CONTAINED	583176	97.5	1867318	98.0
NON-SELF CONTAINED	7182	1.2	15258	0.8
IMPROVISED	2980	0.5	8685	0.5
MOBILE	4620	0.8	12447	0.7
OTHER	182	0.0	834	0.0
TOTAL OCCUPIED PTE DWGS	598140	100.0	1904542	100.0

35. DWELLING UNITS IN EACH OCCUPIED PRIVATE DWELLING TYPE			
NO OF UNITS	SEP HOUSE	OTHER	TOTAL
1	484378	8586	492964
2	0	21332	21332
3	0	8250	8250
4	0	12078	12078
5	0	6548	6548
6-8	0	16570	16570
9-16	0	6434	6434
17-32	0	2266	2266
33 OR MORE	0	1720	1720
NOT STATED	0	29978	29978
TOTAL OCCUPIED PTE DWGS	484378	113762	598140

36. MATERIAL OF OUTER WALLS IN EACH OCCUPIED PTE DWELLING TYPE			
MATERIAL OF OUTER WALLS	SEP HOUSE	OTHER	TOTAL
BRICK, BRICK VENEER	49682	36898	126580
STONE	584	472	1056
CONCRETE, CEMENT BLOCK	20246	11094	31340
TIMBER, WEATHERBOARD	243374	35548	318922
METAL	9900	5274	15174
FIBRO, ASBESTOS	78480	11910	90390
OTHER	496	406	902
NOT STATED	1616	12160	13776
TOTAL OCCUPIED PTE DWGS	484378	113762	598140

37. TOTAL NO OF ROOMS IN EACH OCCUPIED PRIVATE DWELLING TYPE			
NO OF ROOMS	SEP HOUSE	OTHER	TOTAL
1	314	1744	2058
2	1534	7412	8946
3	5864	18624	24488
4	36704	38332	75036
5	158210	17560	175770
6	142262	9376	151638
7	75834	4046	80880
8 OR MORE	64016	3272	67288
NOT STATED	1440	1336	2776
TOTAL OCCUPIED PTE DWGS	484378	113762	598140

31. FAMILY INCOME - ANNUAL AND WEEKLY			
ANNUAL AMOUNT	NO OF FAMILIES	PROP %	WEEKLY AMOUNT
NONE	14330	2.3	NONE
LESS THAN \$1500	8300	1.3	LESS THAN \$29
\$1500 - \$2000	19146	3.1	\$29 - \$39
OVER \$2000 - \$3000	49408	8.0	OVER \$39 - \$58
OVER \$3000 - \$4000	45266	7.3	OVER \$58 - \$77
OVER \$4000 - \$5000	23714	3.9	OVER \$77 - \$96
OVER \$5000 - \$6000	37978	6.2	OVER \$96 - \$115
OVER \$6000 - \$7000	47102	7.7	OVER \$115 - \$135
OVER \$7000 - \$8000	50640	8.2	OVER \$135 - \$154
OVER \$8000 - \$9000	42698	6.9	OVER \$154 - \$173
OVER \$9000 - \$12000	85880	13.9	OVER \$173 - \$231
OVER \$12000 - \$15000	55274	9.0	OVER \$231 - \$288
OVER \$15000 - \$18000	34734	5.6	OVER \$288 - \$346
OVER \$18000	36270	5.9	OVER \$346
NOT STATED	64992	10.6	NOT STATED
TOTAL FAMS IN PTE DWGS (EXCLUDING COMMUNES)	615672	100.8	TOTAL

32. NO OF FAMILIES IN HOUSEHOLD BY NO OF PERSONS IN FAMILY				
NO. OF PERSONS IN FAMILY	NO. OF FAMILIES	ONE	TWO	THREE OR FOUR
1	118476	113312	5802	162
2	175298	159724	14726	848
3	181076	94098	6574	404
4	109328	105462	3694	172
5	63684	61928	1576	82
6	29068	28300	702	66
7	11352	11046	280	26
8 OR MORE	7532	7226	276	30
TOTAL FAMS IN PTE DWGS	615814	581096	32928	1790

33. HOUSEHOLD INCOME - ANNUAL AND WEEKLY			
ANNUAL AMOUNT	NO OF HOUSEHOLDS	PROP %	WEEKLY AMOUNT
NONE	9136	1.5	NONE
LESS THAN \$1500	5166	0.9	LESS THAN \$29
\$1500 - \$2000	13064	2.2	\$29 - \$39
OVER \$2000 - \$3000	32164	5.4	OVER \$39 - \$58
OVER \$3000 - \$4000	33042	5.5	OVER \$58 - \$77
OVER \$4000 - \$5000	17454	2.9	OVER \$77 - \$96
OVER \$5000 - \$6000	31432	5.3	OVER \$96 - \$115
OVER \$6000 - \$7000	37476	6.3	OVER \$115 - \$135
OVER \$7000 - \$8000	39988	6.7	OVER \$135 - \$154
OVER \$8000 - \$9000	36358	6.1	OVER \$154 - \$173
OVER \$9000 - \$12000	88032	14.7	OVER \$173 - \$231
OVER \$12000 - \$15000	66064	11.0	OVER \$231 - \$288
OVER \$15000 - \$18000	47572	8.0	OVER \$288 - \$346
OVER \$18000	72418	12.1	OVER \$346
NOT STATED	68592	11.5	NOT STATED
TOTAL HOUSEHOLDS (EXCLUDING PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSES)	597958	100.0	TOTAL

38. NO OF BEDROOMS IN EACH OCCUPIED PRIVATE DWELLING TYPE			
NO OF BEDROOMS	SEP HOUSE	OTHER	TOTAL
NONE	502	1924	2426
1	6348	23554	29902
2	84528	47350	131878
3	289140	19852	338992
4	95016	5626	100642
5	20426	1362	21788
6 OR MORE	5978	758	6736
NOT STATED	2440	13396	15836
TOTAL OCCUPIED PTE DWGS	484378	113762	598140

39. USE OF FACILITIES IN OCCUPIED PRIVATE DWELLINGS		
FACILITY SHARED	NO OF DWELLINGS	PROP %
BATHROOM ONLY	4160	0.7
KITCHEN ONLY	2380	0.4
BATHROOM AND KITCHEN	1836	0.3
SOLE USE-BATHROOM, KITCHEN	547286	91.5
ALL OTHER	42478	7.1
TOTAL OCCUPIED PTE DWGS	598140	100.0

40. SOURCE OF WATER SUPPLY IN OCCUPIED PRIVATE DWELLINGS		
WATER SUPPLY	NO OF DWELLINGS	PROP %
PIPED FROM MAINS	513014	85.8
PIPED FROM TANK	47110	7.9
PIPED FROM OTHER SOURCE	18824	3.1
NO PIPED WATER SUPPLY	3728	0.6
NOT STATED	15464	2.6
TOTAL OCCUPIED PTE DWGS	598140	100.0

41. METHOD OF SEWAGE DISPOSAL FROM OCCUPIED PRIVATE DWELLINGS		
METHOD	NO OF DWELLINGS	PROP %
FLUSH TOILET-SEWER	411992	68.9
FLUSH TOILET-SEPTIC TANK	124518	20.8
SANITARY PAN	25046	4.4
OTHER	13884	2.3
NOT STATED	21700	3.6
TOTAL OCCUPIED PTE DWGS	598140	100.0

42. MOTOR VEHICLES PARKED AT OCCUPIED PRIVATE DWELLINGS		
NO. OF MOTOR VEHICLES	NO OF DWELLINGS	PROP %
NONE	55634	14.3
1	276328	46.2
2	154770	25.7
3 OR MORE	53636	9.0
NOT STATED	23072	3.5
TOTAL OCCUPIED PTE DWGS	598140	100.0

1976 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING

6

QUEENSLAND

POWER OR FUEL USED IN OCCUPIED PRIVATE DWELLINGS

POWER OR FUEL USED	NO OF DWELLINGS			
	COOKING	LIGHTING	HEATING	BATH WTR
AL, COKE OR BRIQUETTES	1160		434	1492
OD	39474		13706	30886
ELECTRICITY	407838	564512	306852	442074
S	132194	1422	6842	66772
L, KEROSENE	1690	2668	70156	2126
LAR ENERGY	14		314	2252
HER	172	828	3278	596
FUEL STATED	214	282	76612	11318
T STATED	15380	28428	119942	40704
TAL OCCUPIED PTF DWGS	598140	598140	598140	598140

NATURE OF OCCUPANCY-NO OF OCCUPIED PTE DWGS, NO OF PERSONS

NATURE OF OCCUPANCY	NO DWGS		PERSONS	
	NO DWGS	PROP %	PERSONS	PROP %
NER	206326	34.5	580340	30.5
RCHASER	188084	31.4	710594	37.3
NER/PUPCHASER UNDEFINED	2926	0.5	7640	0.4
NANT -HOUSING AUTHORITY	16784	2.8	67669	3.6
NANT -OTHER	126904	21.2	374621	19.7
HER, NEI	45964	6.8	122730	6.4
T STATED	16144	2.7	40948	2.2
TAL OCCUPIED PTF DWGS	598140	100.0	1904542	100.0

WEEKLY RENT-NO OF OCCUPIED RENTED PTE DWGS, NO OF PERSONS

AMOUNT PER WEEK	NO DWGS		PERSONS	
	NO DWGS	PROP %	PERSONS	PROP %
LESS THAN \$10	11280	7.9	38087	8.6
\$10 - \$19	27278	19.0	90251	20.4
\$20 - \$29	33954	23.6	104596	23.6
\$30 - \$39	32572	22.7	92515	20.9
\$40 - \$49	19352	13.5	56596	12.8
\$50 - \$59	6304	4.4	19803	4.5
\$60 - \$69	2078	1.4	6866	1.6
\$70 - \$79	700	0.5	2314	0.5
\$80 - \$89	384	0.3	1234	0.3
\$90 AND OVER	522	0.4	1771	0.4
NOT STATED	9260	6.4	28257	6.4
TAL RENTED OCC PTF DWGS	143692	100.0	442291	100.0

SOURCES OF MORTGAGES, OCC PTE DWELLINGS BEING PURCHASED

SOURCE OF MORTGAGE	NO OF MORTGAGES			
	1 MRTGE	2+ MRTGE	ALL MRTGS	PROP %
RADING BANK	35324	3714	39042	19.7
AVINGS BANK	47138	1582	48720	24.6
UILDING SOCIETY	44316	294	44610	22.5
OUSING COMMISSION	16232	294	16526	8.4
HER, NEI	43659	3492	47150	23.8
OT STATED	1412	442	1854	0.9
TAL NUMBER OF MORTGAGES	148084	9814	197902	100.0

47. MONTHLY MORTGAGE PAYMENTS BY NUMBER OF MORTGAGES

AMOUNT PER MONTH	NO OF DWELLINGS			PROP %
	1 MRTGE	2+ MRTGE	ALL MRTGS	
LESS THAN \$25	12100	818	11898	6.3
\$25 - \$49	24966	1170	27898	14.8
\$50 - \$74	29178	1428	28094	14.9
\$75 - \$99	21162	976	20572	10.9
\$100 - \$124	26142	1282	25410	13.5
\$125 - \$149	14068	380	14058	7.5
\$150 - \$174	14096	376	14174	7.5
\$175 - \$199	7442	170	7758	4.1
\$200 - \$224	8438	222	8682	4.6
\$225 - \$249	3012	66	3356	1.8
\$250 - \$274	2796	122	3040	1.6
\$275 - \$299	1170	46	1340	0.7
\$300 - \$324	1702	86	1852	1.0
\$325 - \$349	496	36	636	0.3
\$350 - \$374	528	48	634	0.3
\$375 AND OVER	2502	198	3066	1.6
NOT STATED	14286	2368	15606	8.3
PTE DWGS WITH 2+ MRTGES		9712		
TOTAL OCC MRTGED PTE DWGS	188084		188084	100.0

48. STRUCTURE OF BUILDING - ALL PRIVATE DWELLINGS

STRUCTURE	NO DWGS		PROP %
	NO DWGS	PROP %	
SEPARATE HOUSE	550690	83.3	
FLATS OR HOME UNITS, ETC,			
UP TO 3 STOREYS HIGH	83078	12.6	
ABOVE 3 STOREYS HIGH	4978	0.8	
IMPROVED DWELLING	1964	0.3	
MORILE DWELLING	4706	0.7	
NOT STATED	15410	2.3	
TOTAL PRIVATE DWELLINGS	660826	100.0	

49. REASON PRIVATE DWELLING UNOCCUPIED

REASON	NO DWGS		PROP %
	NO DWGS	PROP %	
FOR SALE	4658	7.4	
TO LET, NOT HOLIDAY HOME	6414	10.2	
NEW, AWAITING OCCUPANCY	3318	5.3	
VACANT FOR REPAIR, ETC	2018	3.2	
HOLIDAY HOME	12142	19.4	
CONDEMNED FOR DEMOLITION	1732	2.8	
RESIDENT TEMPRLY ABSENT	19924	31.8	
OTHER, NEI	8458	13.5	
NOT STATED	4022	6.4	
TOTAL UNOCCUPIED PTE DWGS	62686	100.0	

APPENDIX A

TABLE CONTENT

Most of the tables are self-explanatory. The following notes are designed to explain specific elements of some tables.

TABLE 2

- (a) USUAL RESIDENTS (SAME DWG) – Refers to the people who were usual residents of the dwelling in which they were enumerated on Census night.
- (b) HANDICAPPED – Refers to the number of people who stated they were handicapped by a serious long-term illness of physical or mental condition.
- (c) ABORIGINAL AND TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER DWELLINGS – dwellings where the head ^{or spouse} of the household is an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander.

TABLE 5

This table is divided into 3 parts

- (a) 1976 – shows the usual residence of persons at 30 June 1976.
- (b) 1975 – shows the usual residence at 30 June 1975 of persons who, in 1976, were enumerated at their usual residence.
- (c) 1971 – shows the usual residence at 30 June 1971 of persons who, in 1976, were enumerated at their usual residence.

TABLE 13

- (a) The category PRIMARY AND SECONDARY refers to schools which provide both primary and secondary levels of education; it is not the sum of the two previous lines.
- (b) The SCHOOLS – OTHER category refers to special schools, overseas schools, etc.
- (c) CAE is the abbreviation for Colleges of Advanced Education.
- (d) The OTHER INSTITUTIONS – OTHER category includes technical colleges, teaching hospitals, business and coaching colleges, overseas institutions, etc.
- (e) The NOT ATTENDING category includes pre-schools, and creches but only where the child was over 5 years of age and it was stated that they were attending school.

TABLE 15

The category LEVEL NOT APPLICABLE refers to qualifications which were inadequately described or which were not classified by level.

TABLE 18

EVER MARRIED WOMEN includes women who are now married, permanently separated, divorced or widowed.

TABLE 19

- (a) The question on childminding permitted more than one answer to be recorded, consequently some children were counted more than once in terms of individual facilities used.
- (b) The first 4 lines of the table relate to use of individual facilities and children can be counted more than once in these figures. The percentage figures are calculated in relation to total children 0-5 years, but do not add with the remaining percentages in the column to equal 100 percent.
- (c) TOTAL CHILDREN MINDED is the sum of the 3 previous lines.
- (d) TOTAL CHILDREN 0-5 years is the sum of the 3 previous lines.

TABLE 20

(a) The question on pensions/benefits received permitted more than one answer to be recorded, consequently some people are counted more than once in the first 6 lines of the table. The percentage figures for these 6 categories are calculated in relation to the total population 15 years and over; they do not add with the remaining percentages in the column to equal 100 percent.

(b) The category TOTAL RECEIVING PENSION is the number of persons receiving pensions/benefits regardless of how many individual benefits they receive. It is not, therefore, the sum of the previous 6 lines.

(c) TOTAL POPULATION 15 YEARS + is the sum of the 3 previous lines.

TABLE 25

The detailed classification of occupations is contained in Information Paper 9 (iii) (Catalogue No. 2114.0). The classification used in this table is as follows:

TABLE 25 CLASS	OCCUPATION MAJOR AND MINOR GROUP
0 Professional, Technical	
Teachers	OG
Med. Dent, Nrses, Med Tech	OD-OF
Other	OA-OC, OH-OL
1 Admin, Exec, etc. Total	Major Group 1
2 Clerical Workers, Total	Major Group 2
3 Sales Workers, Total	Major Group 3
4 Farmers, Fishermen, etc.	
Frmr, Frm Wkr, Wool Clsr	4A - 4C
Hunters, Timber Workers	4D, 4F
Fishermen	4E
5 Miners, Quarrymen, Total	Major Group 5
6 Transport, Communication	
Shipping, Air Transport	6A - 6C
Rail Transport	6D, 6F, 6G
Road Transport	6E
Other Tpt, Communication	6H - 6J
7/8 Prod-Proc Workers, Labourers	
Textiles, Leather	7/8A - 7/8C
Metal, Electrical	7/8D - 7/8H
Wood Tech, Building	7/8I - 7/8K
Other Prod-Proc Workers	7/8M - 7/8R, 7/8V
Labourers	7/8U
Other	7/8L, 7/8S, 7/8T
9 Service, Sport, Recreation	
Fire, Police, etc.	9A
Domestic Svce Workers	9B
Other	9C - 9J
10 Armed Forces, Total	Major Group 10
11 Other, Nei, N/S, Total	Major Group 11

TABLE 26

The detailed classification of industry is shown in Information Paper 9(ii) (Catalogue No. 2113.0). The classification used in this table is as follows:

TABLE 26 CLASS	SUBDIVISION
A Agriculture, etc.	
Agriculture, Ag Services	01, 02
Forestry, Timber	03
Fishing, Hunting	04
Undefined	00
B Mining	
Metal	11
Coal	12
Oil, Natural Gas	13
Other and Undefined	10, 14-16
C Manufacturing	
Food, Drink, Tobacco	21-22
Textiles, Clothing	23, 24
Wood, Furniture	25
Metal Prods, Machinery	29-33
Other and Undefined	20, 26-28, 34
D Electricity, Gas, Water	
Electricity, Gas	36
Water, Sewage, Drainage	37
Undefined	35
E Construction, Total	Division E
F Wholesale, Retail Trade	
Wholesale and Undefined	45, 46-47
Retail	48
G Transport and Storage	
Road Transport	51
Rail Transport	52
Water Transport	53
Air Transport	54
Storage, Other Tpt, Undef	50, 55
H Communications, Total	Division H
I Finance, etc. Total	Division I
J Pub Admin, Defence, Total	Division J
K Community Services	
Health	81 (except Class 8130)
Education	82
Other and Undefined	80, Class 8130, 83, 84
L Ent. Recr, Hotel, Restaurants	
Entertainment, Recreation	91
Restaurants, Hotels, Clubs	92
Other and Undefined	90, 93, 94
M Other, Nei, N/S, Total	99

TABLE 29

- (a) The question on mode of travel to work permitted more than one answer to be recorded, consequently some people were counted more than once in the first 8 categories.
- (b) Persons included in the last 3 categories, however, are counted once in only one of the categories and are NOT included in the first 8 categories.
- (c) The percentage figures are calculated in relation to total employed population.

HOUSEHOLDS AND FAMILIES – TABLES 30 TO 33

A HOUSEHOLD is defined as "a person or group of persons living as a domestic unit with common eating arrangements". A person living alone is therefore also a household. From answers reported on relationship to household head, individual families within a household were separately identified.

TABLE 30

HOUSEHOLDS were classified as communes only when all respondents in the household stated that the household was a commune.

TABLE 31

- (a) Family income is defined as the combined incomes of the head of the family and spouse, where both are present, or the individual income of the head (whether male or female) where no spouse is present. The income of other family members is not included.
- (b) Because individual families were not separately identified within communes, details of family income for communes are excluded from this table.

TABLE 32

Families are determined on the basis of blood and marriage relationships. A household can comprise one or more families. Generally a household will contain only one family unit.

This table shows the number of families. If two families, one of two persons and one of four persons, were living in a household they would both appear under the column heading TWO. The first family would appear in the second line (2 persons in family) and the second in the fourth line (4 persons in family). For further details of family coding see Information Paper No. 4 – Family (Catalogue No. 2119.0).

TABLE 33

Household income is defined as the sum of the mid-points of the ranges of the individual incomes of all members of a household occupying a private dwelling. The category NOT STATED includes instances where the income of a household member was not stated and the combined income of other household members was \$18,000 or less. Where the combined income of other household members was over \$18,000, it was not necessary to use the NOT STATED category, over \$18,000 being the last category in the Income question.

TABLE 34

- (a) The type of dwelling included in this table is as stated by the householder, and differs from similar information in Table 48, not only because this was based on answers from the Census collector, but also because of a difference in definitions applied to the classification. For example, blocks of flats in Table 48 would include both self-contained and non self-contained dwellings.
- (b) The OTHER category refers to private boarding houses. Private dwellings were classified as private boarding houses if there were three or more boarders indicated in the household.

TABLES 35 TO 38

The column heading SEP HOUSE in these tables refers to separate self-contained houses and other self-contained private dwellings. The column heading OTHER refers to all other private occupied dwellings.

TABLE 39

The ALL OTHER category includes sole use of one facility where use of the other facility is not stated (or there is no other facility), and where use of both facilities is not stated.

TABLE 43

The first (coal, coke or briquettes), second (wood) and sixth (solar energy) power or fuel categories were not accepted for lighting.

TABLE 44

(a) The category OWNER/PURCHASER UNDEFINED refers to dwellings which were identified as being owned or purchased, but for which it was not possible to make the distinction between owner and purchaser.

(b) The category OTHER, NEI includes dwellings which were not owned, being purchased or rented by the householder.

TABLE 46

(a) Information in the column headed 2+ MRTGE can include a dwelling more than once, for dwellings which had 3 or more mortgages. The column headed ALL MRTGS is therefore affected to the same degree.

(b) The category OTHER, NEI includes mortgages whose source was life assurance companies, employers, finance companies, State or Australian Governments and Defence or War Service Homes.

TABLE 48

Information contained in this table is as stated by the Census collector, based on external observation, and is not comparable with information in previous dwelling tables.

TABLE 49

Information contained in this table is as reported by the Census collector.

ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THE TABLES

ABORIG	Aboriginal
AD	Administration
ADLTS	Adults
AG	Agricultural
AUST	Australian
CAE	College of Advanced Education
CWLTH	Commonwealth
DENOM	Denomination
DENT	Dental
DWG	Dwelling
ENT	Entertainment
EXCL	Excluding
EXEC	Executive
FAMS	Families
FRM WKR	Farm worker
FRMR	Farmer
GOVT	Government
LGA	Local Government Area
MED	Medical
MED TECH	Medical technicians
MRTGE	Mortgage

ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THE TABLES – *continued*

NEI	Not elsewhere included
N/S	Not stated
NRSES	Nurses
OCC	Occupied
OTHR	Other
PROD PROC	Production Process
PTE DWGS	Private dwellings
PRODS	Products
PUB ADMIN	Public Administration
RECR	Recreation
REPAT	Repatriation
RET FUND	Retirement Fund
SEP HOUSE	Separate house
SVCE	Service
TEMPRLY	Temporarily
TPT	Transport
TSI or T/ST	Torres Strait Islander
UNDEF	Undefined
WOOL CLSR	Wool classer
WOOD TECH	Wood technician
WTR	Water

APPENDIX B

SAMPLING ERRORS ASSOCIATED WITH CENSUS ESTIMATES (a)

This appendix discusses the sampling errors associated with the data from the main processing phase of the 1976 Census. Data from the preliminary processing phase is not subject to sampling errors because all schedules were included. Thus counts of the total number of males total number of females and total number of persons for a CD, LGA or aggregations of these counts are not subject to sampling errors.

Since only a 50% sample of private dwelling schedules was processed, it is likely that the estimates derived from this 50% sample would differ from figures which would have been obtained if all schedules were included. These differences are called sampling errors. The sampling error associated with any estimate can be estimated from the sample results and one measure so derived of this sampling error is the standard error. The particular 50% sample selected was one of a large number of possible 50% samples. Each possible 50% sample would have yielded different estimates and the standard error measures the variation of all the possible 50% sample estimates around the figures which would have been obtained if all schedules had been processed.

Given an estimate and the standard error on that estimate, there are about two chances in three that the sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the figure that would have been obtained if all schedules had been processed, and about nineteen chances in twenty that the difference will be less than two standard errors.

Another measure of the sampling error is the relative standard error which is obtained by expressing the standard error as a percentage of the estimate:

$$\text{Relative Standard Error} = \frac{\text{Standard Error}}{\text{Estimate}} \times 100$$

Both standard error and relative standard error are used in the following discussion of the reliability of the estimate. An example of their application is as follows:

Example

If an estimate of 70 has a relative standard error of 10% then the standard error of that estimate is 10% of 70 or 7. Thus there are 2 chances in 3 that the figure that would have been obtained if all schedules had been processed will lie in the range 63 to 77 and about 19 changes in 20 that this figure is between 56 and 84.

It would have been impractical to publish standard errors of all Census estimates for the following reasons.

- (a) Difficulties in presentations would have been encountered because of the large number of estimates.
- (b) Computer production of all standard errors would have been costly.

Consequently, graphs which relate the relative standard error of an estimate to the size of the estimate are given. They are not intended to give a precise measure of the error for a particular estimate but provide an indication of the likely magnitude of the relative standard error for estimates of any particular size. An example of the use of a relative standard error is as follows:

The accuracy of an estimate (as measured by the relative standard error) will depend on a number of different factors which are listed below.

1. ESTIMATE SIZE

The larger an estimate the greater its reliability and thus the smaller its relative standard error. In fact estimates in excess of 5,000 dwellings or persons will generally have relative standard errors of less than 1% and in these cases sampling error can for most practical purposes be assumed to be negligible. For this reason, relative standard errors are only graphed for estimates of less than 5,000 persons or dwellings. Correspondingly, estimates below 100 persons or dwellings will generally have standard errors in excess of 10%. For the convenience of the user, this range of estimates has been graphed separately. Estimates below 10 will generally have standard errors in excess of 40% and should be considered to be too unreliable for most practical uses.

- (a) Note – Northern Territory data is not subject to sampling error.

2. ESTIMATE TYPE

The relative standard errors of dwelling estimates and person estimates are shown on different graphs.

(a) Estimates of Dwellings

Relative standard errors for all dwelling characteristics are able to be represented by a single line rather than a number of lines corresponding to different types of dwelling characteristics. Standard errors for any estimates of number of dwellings should be obtained from Graph 1 Line D.

(b) Estimates of Persons

Some characteristics are generally similar for persons in the same dwelling but differ from persons in different dwellings. That is these characteristics are clustered by dwelling (for example, religion and racial origin). The sampling scheme used involved the inclusion of ALL persons in selected dwellings rather than selection of every second person in a dwelling, hence for characteristics which are clustered by dwelling there is a greater chance that such persons would have been either undersampled or oversampled. Thus estimates of number of persons classified by characteristics which are clustered by dwelling will have higher relative standard errors.

Examination of standard errors calculated from the Census data indicates that two lines are needed to represent standard errors on persons estimates – one for characteristics which are clustered by dwelling and one for characteristics which are not. Topics corresponding to these two lines are as follows:

(i) Graph 2 Line A

Arrival in Australia; Birthplace; Country of Citizenship; Nationality; Religion; Languages regularly used; Racial Origin; Period of Residence.

(ii) Graph 2 Line B

All topics not listed above.

(NOTE: If the estimate of interest is a cross-classification involving topics from both categories then Line A of Graph 2 should be used in all cases).

3. ESTIMATE PROPORTION

Estimates which are a large proportion of the population concerned will be more reliable than estimates which relate to a small proportion of the population. Only standard errors derived from Line B are significantly influenced by this property. In order to determine which of the two lines marked B on Graph 2 should be used, the estimate size should be expressed as a proportion of the population total relevant to that estimate. If the estimate is of females then the proportion should be expressed in terms of the total females for that table (i.e. in terms of the total females for a CD, LGA or whatever is the level of geographic aggregation of the table). Similarly, if the estimate is of males or persons respectively then the proportion should be expressed in terms of the total males or total persons of the table. If the calculated proportion is less than 0.5 then the relevant reference line for the standard error of an estimate is that marked B1, and if it is greater than 0.5 then B2 is the appropriate line.

Example

Consider an estimate of the number of female university graduates in a CD (or LGA) which will be derived from the topic "Qualifications – Level" a Line B persons topic. If the number of female university graduates in the CD (or LGA) is 30 and the total number of females in the CD (or LGA) is 900 then the proportion of females with the characteristics of interest is $30/900 = .033$. This proportion is less than 0.5 therefore Line B1 on Graph 2 should be used to determine the relative standard errors. Reading from this line, the relative standard error of an estimate of size 30 is approximately 16%.

4. EFFECT OF NON-PRIVATE DWELLINGS

If an estimate is known to include a large number of persons from non-private dwellings (where all schedules were processed), for example an estimate of males ten to fifteen years of age in a CD with a large boarding school for boys, then the relative standard error as read from the graph will over-estimate the true relative standard error.

Proportions formed from the ratio of two Census estimates are also subject to sampling errors and the size of the error depends on the accuracy of both the numerator and the denominator. An approximate formula for the relative standard error of a proportion is given below.

Relative Standard Error (x/y)

$$= \sqrt{(\text{Relative Standard Error (x)})^2 - (\text{Relative Standard Error (y)})^2}$$

(For proportions where the denominator is the total number of males, females or persons of a CD or group of CD's the relative standard error of the denominator is zero because these totals were derived from the preliminary processing phase).

Example

Consider an estimate of the labour force participation rate in an LGA (i.e. the number of married women in the LGA who are in the labour force divided by total number of married women in the LGA). If the number of married women in the labour force is 120 for an LGA and the number of married women in the LGA is 300 then the estimated proportion is $120/300 = 0.4$. Both marital status and labour force status are line B persons estimates and in order to calculate the relative standard error of both the numerator and denominator it is necessary to first calculate the proportions of females with the characteristics of interest. If the total number of females in the LGA is 1,000 then for the numerator the proportion of persons with the characteristic of interest is $120/1000 = .12$ and for the denominator the proportion is $300/1000 = .30$. Therefore, for both the numerator and denominator the relative standard error line which should be used is line B1. Reading from this line, the relative standard error of the numerator (i.e. number of married women in the labour force) is approximately 8% and the relative standard error of the denominator (i.e. the number of married women) is approximately 4%. The relative standard error of the estimate of the proportion is therefore

$$\sqrt{8^2 - 4^2} \approx 6.9\%$$

As can be seen from the above formula the relative standard error of a proportion will always be less than the relative standard error of the numerator. However, whenever a proportion is small (i.e. the denominator is considerably greater than the numerator) it will be reasonable to approximate the relative standard error of the proportion by the relative standard error of the numerator.

The relative standard error on differences between two estimates can also be derived from the graphs. For differences between the 1976 Census and the 1971 Census the standard error of the difference will be identical to the standard error of the 1976 estimates alone.

Example

If estimates for the 1971 and 1976 Censuses are 500 dwellings and 800 dwellings respectively then the difference is estimated as 300 dwellings. The 1971 estimate is not subject to sample error whilst the 1976 estimate has a relative standard error (as read from graph 1) of approximately 2% and hence a standard error of 2% of 800 or 16. The standard error of the difference is therefore 16 and there are 19 chances in 20 that if all schedules from the 1976 Census had been processed that the observed difference would be within the range $300 \pm 2 \times 16$ or 268 to 332.

For differences between two 1976 Census estimates the standard error of the differences may be approximated by the following formula.

$$\text{Standard Error (x-y)} = \sqrt{(\text{Standard Error (x)})^2 + (\text{Standard Error (y)})^2}$$

This approximation will be exact for differences between estimates of the same characteristics in two different areas (e.g. LGA's, CD's) or for differences between separate and uncorrelated characteristics in the same area. If, however, there is positive correlation between the characteristics (e.g. comparison of number of lawyers with number of persons with law degrees), the above approximation will overestimate the true standard error, and if there is a negative correlation between the characteristics (e.g. comparison of the number of persons who travel to work by train and car) it will underestimate the true standard error.

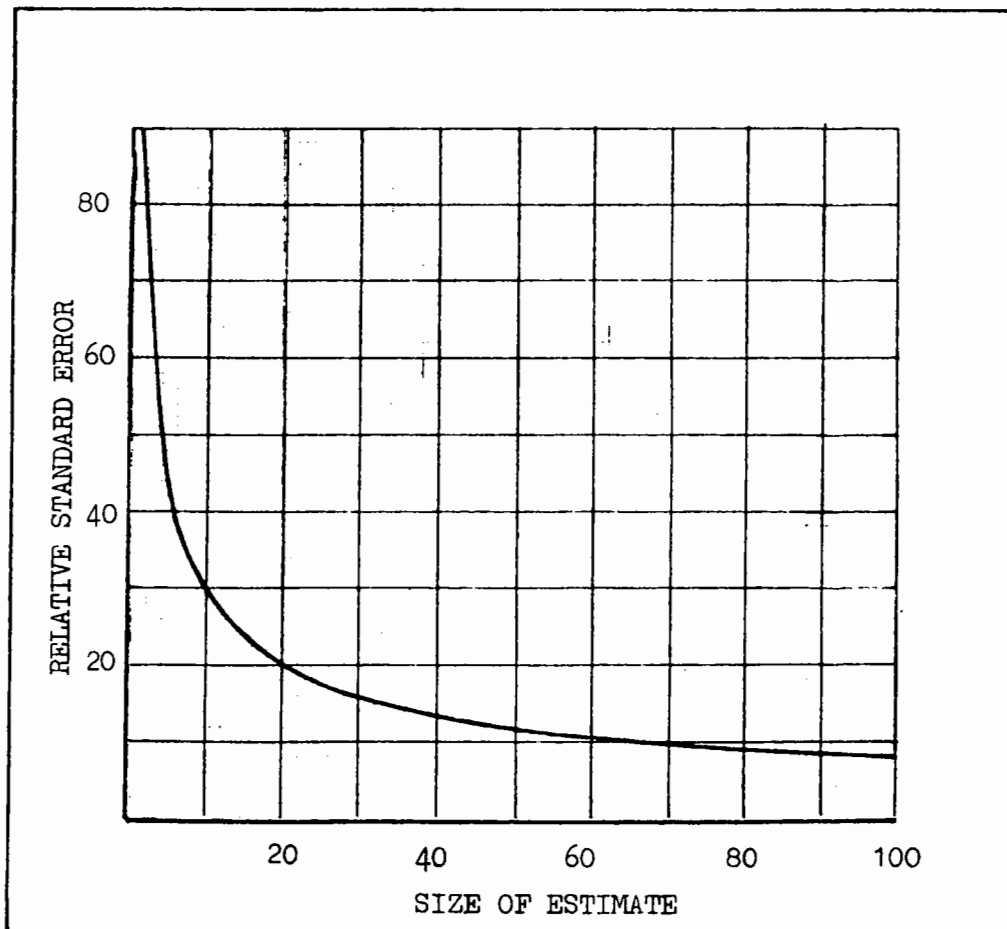
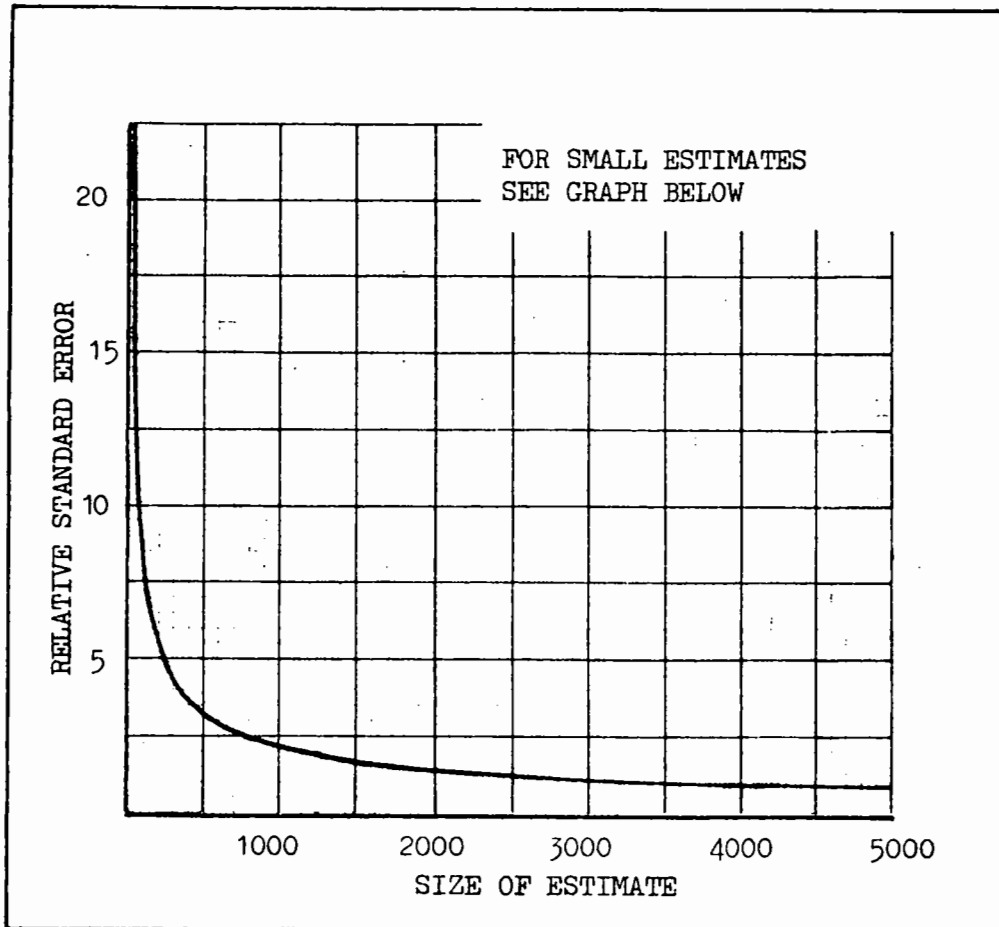
Example

If the estimate of the number of children in the age group 0-4 in an LGA is 1,250 and for the age group 5-9 is 1,750, then the estimate of the differences of the number of children in these two age groups is $(1,750 - 1,250) = 500$. The standard error of this estimate is calculated as follows. Since Age is a line B persons topic, we must determine which of B1 or B2 (see Graph 2) is the relevant relative standard error line. If the total number of persons in the LGA is 25,000, then the proportion $1,250/25,000 = .05$ and $1,750/25,000 = .07$ indicate that the appropriate relative standard error line is that marked B1. Reading off from the graph, the relative standard error for estimates of 1,250 and 1,750 are approximately 2% and 1.75% respectively. Therefore, the standard errors on these estimates are $(.02 \times 1,250) = 25$ and $(.0175 \times 1,750) = 30.625$. The standard error on the difference 500 is then given by:

$$\text{Standard Error (1750 - 1250)} = \sqrt{(25)^2 + (30.625)^2} \approx 40$$

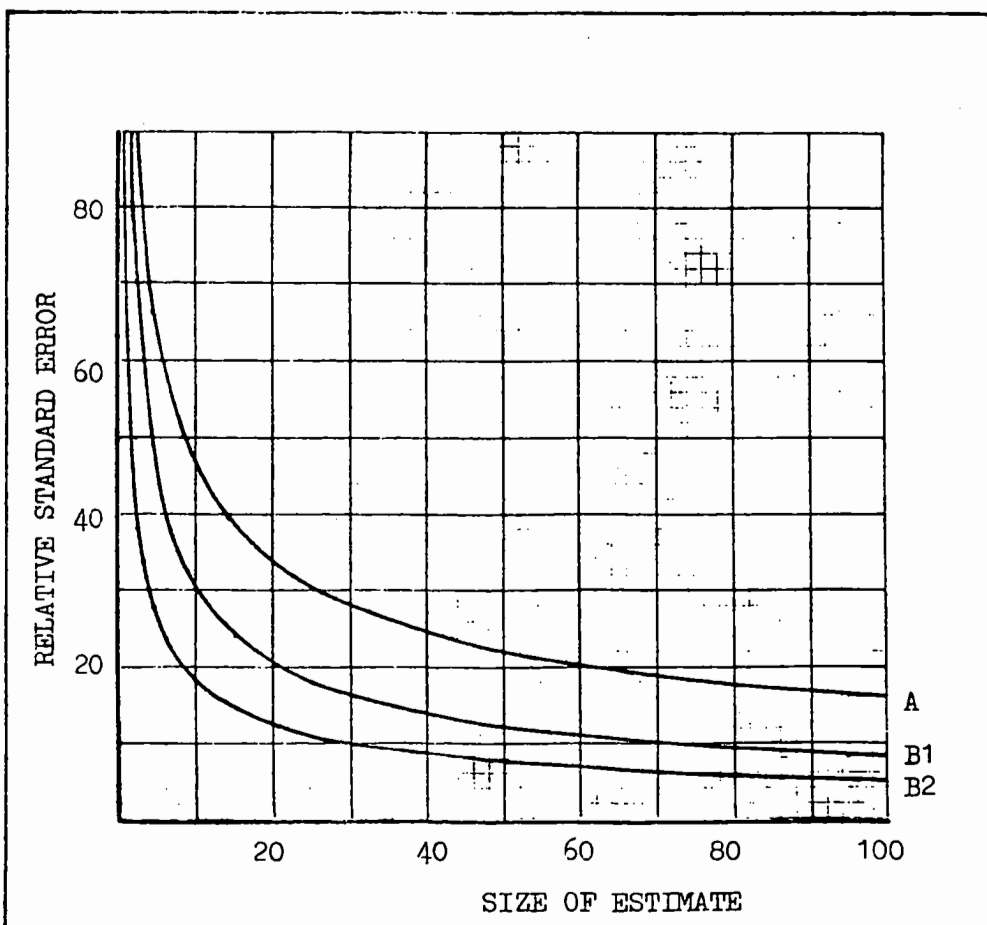
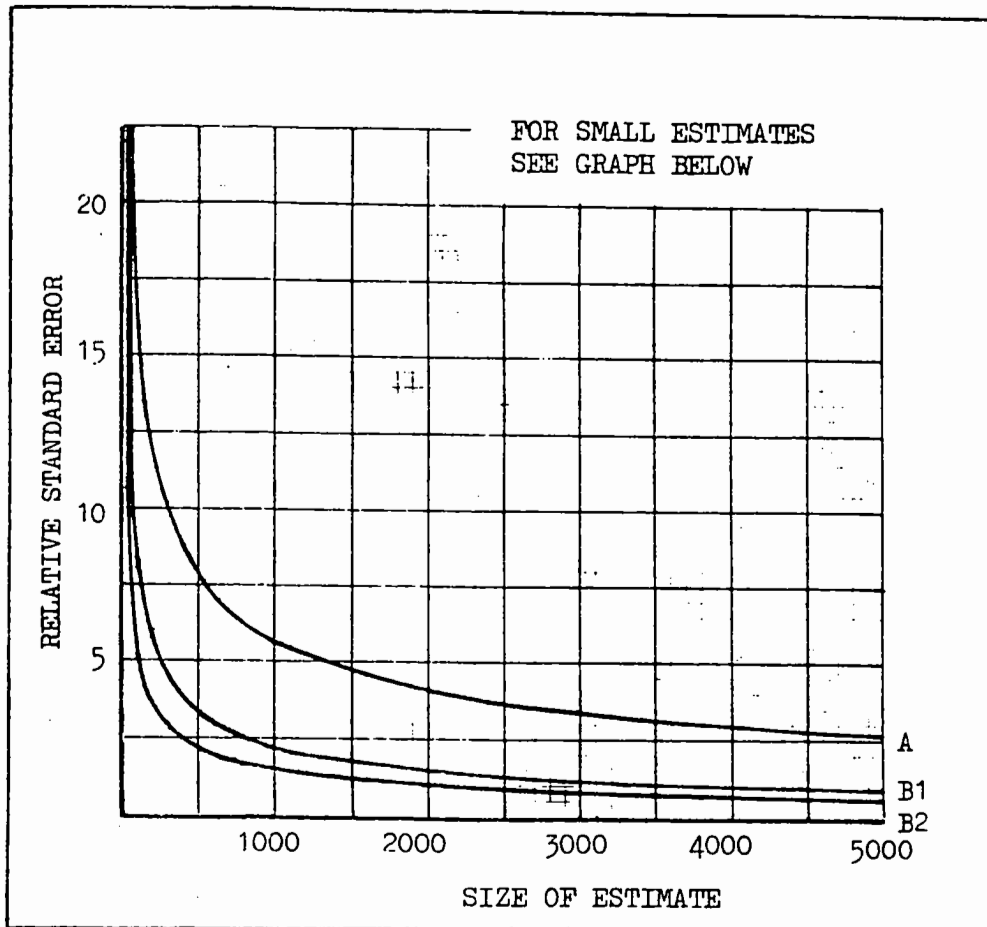
RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS FOR DWELLING TOPICS

GRAPH 1



RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS FOR PERSON TOPICS

GRAPH 2



18
APPENDIX C

POPULATION	
<p>1. Write this person's name. First or given name Surname • For unnamed baby, write "Baby" and surname.</p>	<p>8. Where was this person's usual residence five years ago (i.e. at 30 June 1971)? Same as in question 6 <input type="checkbox"/> 1 → Go to question 9 Same as in question 7 <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Elsewhere <input type="checkbox"/> 3</p> <p>↓ State full address of usual residence five years ago. • If overseas write "O" instead of address; if this person is less than 5 years old, write "N/A". Number and street Suburb, town or locality Name of local council State Postcode</p>
<p>2. Sex: Male <input type="checkbox"/> or Female <input type="checkbox"/> • Tick the appropriate box.</p>	<p>9. Write the country of birth of this person's father and mother. Father Mother</p>
<p>3. Write this person's age in years and completed months. • If age is less than 1 year write "O" years and number of completed months. years months</p>	<p>10. Where was this person born? • If born in Australia write the State or Territory and go to question 13. • If born overseas write the country and go to question 11. Born in</p>
<p>4. Relationship: • If this person is living in a private dwelling show whether he/she is related to the head of the household or Person 1 as shown on the Householder's Schedule, e.g. husband, wife, defacto spouse, mother, son, daughter, son-in-law, brother, sister, grandson, grand-daughter, uncle, nephew. • If not related to the head of the household or Person 1 write whether boarder, visitor, co-tenant, etc. • If living in a non private dwelling write whether hotel guest, patient, prisoner, employee, etc.</p>	<p>11. Write the country of citizenship of this person. • If naturalised, registered or granted Australian citizenship write "Australia". • Other persons (whether of British nationality or not) should write their country of citizenship. Citizen of</p>
<p>5. What is this person's marital status? • Tick one box only. Never married <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Married <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Married but permanently separated <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Divorced <input type="checkbox"/> 4 Widowed <input type="checkbox"/> 5</p>	<p>12. Is this person a resident of or visitor to Australia? Resident <input type="checkbox"/> → Give date of <u>first</u> arrival in Australia as a resident Month Year or Visitor <input type="checkbox"/> → Give date of arrival in Australia <u>on this visit</u> Month Year</p>
<p>Note: • "Usual residence" is that address at which a person has lived for the last 6 months or intends to live for any period of 6 months or more. • In question 6 any person who now has no usual residence should tick box 1 and go to question 7. • In questions 7 and 8 any person who did not have a usual residence on 30 June 1975 or 1971 should give the address at which they were then living.</p>	
<p>6. Where does this person usually live? This address <input type="checkbox"/> 1 → Go to question 7 Elsewhere <input type="checkbox"/> 2</p> <p>↓ State full address of usual residence. • If usual residence is overseas write only name of country of usual residence and then go to Question 7 Number and street Suburb, town or locality Name of local council State Postcode</p>	<p>13. What is this person's religious denomination? • If no religion write "None". Religion</p>
<p>7. Where was this person's usual residence one year ago (i.e. at 30 June 1975)? Same as in question 6 <input type="checkbox"/> 1 → Go to question 8 Elsewhere <input type="checkbox"/> 2</p> <p>↓ State full address of usual residence one year ago. • If overseas write "O" instead of address; if this person is less than 1 year old, write "N/A". Number and street Suburb, town or locality Name of local council State Postcode</p>	<p>14. Has this person been away from home ON A HOLIDAY for a week or more since 30 June 1975? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> or No <input type="checkbox"/></p>
<p>15. Is this person handicapped by a SERIOUS long-term illness or physical or mental condition? • If yes, tick appropriate boxes to show types of handicap. • If not handicapped tick box 8. • If no illnesses or conditions tick box 8.</p> <p>In his or her education <input type="checkbox"/> 1 In getting or holding a job <input type="checkbox"/> 2 In getting about alone <input type="checkbox"/> 3 In doing housework <input type="checkbox"/> 4 In sporting or recreational activities <input type="checkbox"/> 5 In acts of daily living, e.g. dressing, bathing <input type="checkbox"/> 6 In other ways <input type="checkbox"/> 7 Not handicapped <input type="checkbox"/> 8</p>	<p>16. Is this person's life insured with a life assurance company? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> or No <input type="checkbox"/></p>

If this person is under 8 years old, answer question 17.

17. Is this child minded by someone other than his/her parent(s) for some part of each working day?

- Tick boxes which apply.

Yes — at child-care centre (including child-minding centres, pre-schools, day care centres, creches, day nurseries, play groups)..... ☐ 1
 Yes — at home (not by child's parents)..... ☐ 2
 Yes — at another's home..... ☐ 3
 Yes — elsewhere..... ☐ 4
 No..... ☐ 5

18. What is this person's racial origin?

- If of mixed origin, indicate the one to which this person considers himself/herself to belong.

- Tick one box only.

European origin..... ☐ 1 Torres Strait Islander origin..... ☐ 3
 Aboriginal origin..... ☐ 2 Other origin..... ☐ 4

State one only.....

IF THIS PERSON IS UNDER 5 YEARS OF AGE NO MORE QUESTIONS

ANSWER QUESTIONS 19 AND 20 IF THIS PERSON IS 5 YEARS OF AGE OR MORE

19. For this person tick boxes to show ALL languages regularly used.

- Include all languages regularly used whether at home, at work, at school, when shopping, etc.
- Remember: This person may use more than one language — tick each language used regularly.
- If an aboriginal tribal language is used, tick box 5 and write name of language.

English..... ☐ 1 German..... ☐ 4
 Italian..... ☐ 2 Other..... ☐ 5
 Greek..... ☐ 3

Please list.....

20. Attendance at any educational institution:

- Tick appropriate box.
- Include if a school pupil, full-time, part-time or external student.
- An educational institution may be an infants, primary or secondary school, correspondence school, university, college of advanced education, technical college, etc.
- Tick box 3 if person not attending.

Is this person —

Still attending school?..... ☐ 1
 Attending any other educational institution?..... ☐ 2
 Not attending?..... ☐ 3

Name of educational institution.....

Address.....

State.....

IF THIS PERSON IS UNDER 15 YEARS OF AGE NO MORE QUESTIONS

ANSWER THE REMAINING QUESTIONS IF THIS PERSON IS 15 YEARS OF AGE OR MORE.

21. Write the age at which this person left school.

- If this person did not go to school, tick box 1.
- If this person is still at school, tick box 2.

Age left school..... Years
 Did not go to school..... ☐ 1
 Still at school..... ☐ 2

22. Has this person obtained a trade or other qualification since leaving school?

- If still at school, tick box 3.

1 ☐ Yes
 2 ☐ No
 3 ☐ Still at school

State details of highest qualification:

Qualification name.....

Awarding institution.....

Field of study.....

Year obtained.....

23. Is this person licensed to ride a motor bike or motor scooter?

Yes ☐
 or
 No ☐

24. Is this person licensed to drive a motor vehicle (other than motor bike or motor scooter)?

Yes ☐
 or
 No ☐

25. Which of these payments are received?

- For this person, tick *all* boxes which apply.

- If no payments received, tick box 10.

- Do not count refunds from private or government medical funds.

Superannuation or annuity..... ☐ 1
 War widow's pension..... ☐ 2
 Other war pension..... ☐ 3
 Repatriation service pension..... ☐ 4
 Age pension..... ☐ 5
 Invalid pension..... ☐ 6
 Widow's pension or Supporting mother's benefit..... ☐ 7
 Unemployment benefit..... ☐ 8
 Sickness or Special benefit..... ☐ 9
 None of these..... ☐ 10

26. Does this person pay into a retirement benefit scheme such as superannuation, provident fund or annuity?

Yes ☐
 or
 No ☐

- Tick "yes" also if payments are made by employer.

27. Does this person usually work for wages, salary, payment or profit in a job, business, profession, or on a farm?

Yes ☐
 or
 No ☐

28. If this person is a woman who has EVER been married, write the number of babies she has had from ALL her marriages.

- Include children she has adopted.
- Do not count still-births.
- If none, write "None".
- If never married write "N/A" and go to question 31.

Now living.....
 Not now living.....
 Total.....

29. If this person is a woman who is NOW married, write the length of her present marriage.

- If less than one year write "0".
- If not now married write "N/A" and go to question 31.

Number of years.....

30. If this person is a woman who is NOW married, write the number of babies she has had from her PRESENT marriage.

- Include children she has adopted.
- Do not count still-births.
- If none write "None".

Now living.....
 Not now living.....
 Total.....

31. For this person tick the appropriate box to show all income usually received each week from all sources.

- Count all income: e.g., include wages, salary, overtime, child endowment, pensions, superannuation, tips and gratuities, business or farm income (less expenses of operation), interest, scholarships.
- Do not deduct tax, superannuation, etc.
- If unable to estimate income on a weekly basis tick the appropriate box to show present income on an annual basis.

No income	<input type="checkbox"/>	1
Less than \$29 p.wk.	<input type="checkbox"/>	2
Less than \$1500 p.yr.	<input type="checkbox"/>	
\$29 to \$39 p.wk.	<input type="checkbox"/>	3
\$1500 to \$2000 p.yr.	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Over \$39 to \$58 p.wk.	<input type="checkbox"/>	4
Over \$2000 to \$3000 p.yr.	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Over \$58 to \$77 p.wk.	<input type="checkbox"/>	5
Over \$3000 to \$4000 p.yr.	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Over \$77 to \$96 p.wk.	<input type="checkbox"/>	6
Over \$4000 to \$5000 p.yr.	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Over \$96 to \$115 p.wk.	<input type="checkbox"/>	7
Over \$5000 to \$6000 p.yr.	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Over \$115 to \$135 p.wk.	<input type="checkbox"/>	8
Over \$6000 to \$7000 p.yr.	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Over \$135 to \$154 p.wk.	<input type="checkbox"/>	9
Over \$7000 to \$8000 p.yr.	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Over \$154 to \$173 p.wk.	<input type="checkbox"/>	10
Over \$8000 to \$9000 p.yr.	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Over \$173 to \$231 p.wk.	<input type="checkbox"/>	11
Over \$9000 to \$12000 p.yr.	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Over \$231 to \$288 p.wk.	<input type="checkbox"/>	12
Over \$12000 to \$15000 p.yr.	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Over \$288 to \$346 p.wk.	<input type="checkbox"/>	13
Over \$15000 to \$18000 p.yr.	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Over \$346 p.wk.	<input type="checkbox"/>	14
Over \$18000 p.yr.	<input type="checkbox"/>	

32. Did this person do any work at all LAST WEEK?

- Tick one box only.

Yes, worked for wages, salary, payment or profit	<input type="checkbox"/>	1	→	Go to question 36
Yes, but did unpaid work only	<input type="checkbox"/>	2	→	Go to question 33
Did not work	<input type="checkbox"/>	3	→	

If this person ticked boxes 2 or 3 in question 32, please answer questions 33 and 34 and 35.

33. Did this person have a full-time or part-time job, business, profession or farm of any kind LAST WEEK?

Yes, had a paid job, a business, a profession or farm last week (even if on holidays, sick, on strike, etc.)	<input type="checkbox"/>	1
Yes, helped without pay in a family business	<input type="checkbox"/>	2
Other unpaid job	<input type="checkbox"/>	3
Did not have any job, business, profession or farm last week	<input type="checkbox"/>	4

34. Was this person temporarily laid off by their employer without pay for the WHOLE of last week?

Yes ☐
or
No ☐

35. Did this person look for work last week?

- Looking for work means being registered with the Commonwealth Employment Service, approaching a prospective employer, placing or answering advertisements, writing letters of application or awaiting the results of recent applications.

Yes, looking for first job	<input type="checkbox"/>	1
Yes, but not for first job	<input type="checkbox"/>	2
No	<input type="checkbox"/>	3

36. How many hours PER WEEK does this person usually work in the job or jobs held last week?

Main job hours per week
Other job(s) hours per week

37. In the main job held last week was this person —

- Tick one box only.

a wage or salary earner?	<input type="checkbox"/>	1
conducting own business but not employing others?	<input type="checkbox"/>	2
conducting own business and employing others?	<input type="checkbox"/>	3
a helper not receiving wages or salary?	<input type="checkbox"/>	4

38. In the main job held last week what was this person's occupation?

- Describe as fully as possible using two or more words (e.g. builder's labourer).
- Where possible, give award or government designation.
- If a member of the armed services, please state rank.

Occupation

39. For the main job held last week print employer's trading name and address of workplace.

- If self-employed print name of own business.
- If a teacher please print name of school.
- If a government employee please print full name of department.
- A person with no fixed place of work last week, e.g. taxi-driver, airline pilot, etc., print "N/A".

USE BLOCK LETTERS

Employer's (or own) trading name

Name of Division, Branch or Section (if any) in which this person worked

Address of workplace:

Number and street

Suburb or town

State Postcode

40. What kind of industry, business or service is carried out at that address? (i.e. the address given in reply to question 39)

- Use two or more words, e.g. dairy farming, road construction, retail grocery.

Kind of industry

41. How did this person get to work on Tuesday 29 June 1976?

- Tick boxes to show methods used.

Train	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	Motor bike or motor scooter	<input type="checkbox"/>	6
Bus	<input type="checkbox"/>	1	Bicycle	<input type="checkbox"/>	7
Ferry or tram	<input type="checkbox"/>	2	Worked at home	<input type="checkbox"/>	8
Taxi	<input type="checkbox"/>	3	Did not go to work	<input type="checkbox"/>	9
Car — as driver	<input type="checkbox"/>	4	Other	<input type="checkbox"/>	10
Car — as passenger	<input type="checkbox"/>	5			

Please state

How does this person usually get to work?

IF THIS PERSON TICKED BOXES 3 OR 4 IN QUESTION 33 NO MORE QUESTIONS

What monthly payment (or average monthly payment) is made on —

(i) The first mortgage (or contract of sale)? \$

(ii) The second and other mortgages (or contracts of sale)? \$

HAVE YOU MISSED ANY PAGES OR QUESTIONS?

Please check

- that everyone, including babies, who spent Census Night in this household has been included on this form
- that all questions have been answered as required for each person. It is very easy to forget to tick a box or leave out information because you don't think the question applies. You should answer every question except where instructions tell you otherwise
- that the dwelling questions have been answered
- that the front page has been signed



For Collector's Use Only

1. Tick the box which best describes the structure in which this dwelling is contained —

Separate house	Semi-detached house	Terrace house	Mobile dwelling	Improvised dwelling	Block of flats or home units of up to and including 3 storeys	Block of flats or home units above 3 storeys	Group of villa units or town houses	Dwelling and non-dwelling combined

EACH ON A SEPARATE BLOCK OF LAND

2. How many dwelling units are there in the whole building?

3. If dwelling unit is unoccupied, the reason for being unoccupied —

- | | |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1 For sale | <input type="checkbox"/> 5 Holiday home |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2 To let (other than holiday home) | <input type="checkbox"/> 6 Condemned or awaiting demolition |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Newly completed and awaiting occupancy | <input type="checkbox"/> 7 Usual resident temporarily absent |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 4 Vacant for repairs or alterations | <input type="checkbox"/> 8 Other |
| | → Specify |

Total persons in household i.e. listed on page 1 and on any extra Personal Slips issued.

Males

Females

Persons

APPENDIX D

INQUIRIES

State or Territory	For Personal Inquiries –	Telephone	For Written Inquiries –
NEW SOUTH WALES	Population Census Subsection 5th Floor, St Andrews House Sydney Square SYDNEY	(02) 236.6111	Deputy Commonwealth Statistician (Attention : Supervisor Demography Section) Box 796, G.P.O. SYDNEY. N.S.W. 2001
VICTORIA	Supervisor, Demography Section Commonwealth Banking Building Cnr Flinders and Elizabeth Streets MELBOURNE.	(03) 652.6211	Deputy Commonwealth Statistician (Attention : Supervisor Demography Section) Box 2796Y, G.P.O. MELBOURNE. VIC. 3001
QUEENSLAND	Supervisor, Social and Demography 345 Ann Street BRISBANE.	(07) 33.5606	Deputy Commonwealth Statistician (Attention : Supervisor, Social and Demography Section) 345 Ann Street BRISBANE. QLD 4000
SOUTH AUSTRALIA	Information Officer Prudential Building 195 North Terrace ADELAIDE.	(08) 228.9439	Deputy Commonwealth Statistician (Attention : Information Officer) Box 2272, G.P.O. ADELAIDE. S.A. 5001
WESTERN AUSTRALIA	Census Liaison Officer 1-3 St George's Terrace PERTH.	(09) 326.3423	Deputy Commonwealth Statistician (Attention : Census Liaison Officer) 1-3 St George's Terrace PERTH. W.A. 6000
TASMANIA	Census Liaison Officer 188 Collins Street HOBART.	(002) 20.4473	Deputy Commonwealth Statistician (Attention : Census Liaison Officer) Box 66A, G.P.O. HOBART. TAS. 7001
NORTHERN TERRITORY	Census Liaison Officer 7th Floor, M.L.C. Building 81 Smith Street DARWIN.	(089) 80.2612	The Statistician, Northern Territory (Attention : Census Liaison Officer) Box 3796 P.O. DARWIN. N.T. 5794
AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY	Assistant Supervisor User Contact and Dissemination Population Census Branch Wing 4, Level Gb Cameron Offices BELCONNEN.	(062) 52.6006	Australian Statistician (Attention : Population Census Branch) Box 10, P.O. BELCONNEN. A.C.T. 2616